Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Chemistry Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

(M. Sc. III) (Sem. – V)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)
	Fifth Semester (3 rd year of MSc)				
1	Organometallic Chemistry	CY301	3-0-2	4	85
2	Pericyclic Reactions and Photochemistry	CY303	3-0-4	5	115
3	Analytical Chemistry	CY305	3-0-4	5	115
4	Physical Methods of Structure Determination	CY307	3-0-0	3	55
5	Open Elective	CY3AA	3-0-0	3	55
			Total	20	425
6	Purification of Liquids and Solids	CYV05 /	0-0-10	5	200
	Vocational Training / Professional Experience	CYP05			(20 x 10)
	(Optional) (mandatory for exit)				

Sr. No.	Open Elective	Code	Scheme L-T-P
1	Unit Process in Chemical Industries	CY309	3-0-0

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M.Sc.– III (Chem), Semester – V Scheme		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY		3	0	2	04
CY301					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Interpret the structure and bonding aspects of organometallic compounds.
CO2	Discuss the stability and reactivity of organometallic complexes.
CO3	Predict the chemical behavior and reactivity of transition metal organometallic compounds.
CO4	Apply different electron counting rules to predict the shape/geometry of metal carbonyl clusters.
CO5	Explore the applications of organometallics in catalysis.

2.	Syllabus	
	METALLOORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I	(12 Hours)
	Introduction, Classification based on the nature of metal-carbon bond incl	uding л-metal
	complexes, Hapticity (η), General methods of preparations and properties, C	Organometallic
	compounds of alkali metals, Be, Mg, Al, Metal olefin complexes; Metal-alkyr	nyl complexes,
	Cyclopentadienyl complexes: Metallocenes, Synthesis and properties of ferroce	ene, Reactions
	of ferrocene, Synthesis, structure and properties of metal-sandwich compounds,	Synthesis and
	reactions of metal-hydrides.	
	METALLOORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II	(12 Hours)
	Organometallic compounds: Metal alkyls, Metal aryls, Electron-deficient C	Organometallic
	compounds, Electron-rich organometallics, Agostic interaction, Transition meta	I π complexes
	with unsaturated organic ligands, Fluxionality in organometallic complexes, 18	B-electron rule
	and stability of organotransition metal compounds. Important reactions of Gri	gnard reagent
	and Organo copper reagent, Synthesis and reactions of metal-carbenes and carb	ynes.
	METAL CARBONYLS AND CLUSTERS	(12 Hours)
	Metal carbonyls, Structure and bonding in mononuclear metal carbonyls, N	/letal clusters,
	Carbonyl clusters, Low nuclearity carbonyl clusters, High nuclearity carbonyl clu	sters, Electron
	counting scheme, Wade's rules, Halide type clusters, Boranes and metalloborane	s, Carboranes,
	Metal–metal single and multiple bond clusters, Isolobal analogy.	1
	ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS IN HOMOGENEOUS CATALYSIS	(9 Hours)
	Homogeneous catalysis: Hydrogenation, Hydroformylation, and Polymerization	ion of olefins
	(Ziegler-Natta catalysis), Mechanism of homogeneous catalysis reactions – Oxide	ative-addition,
	Reductive-elimination, β -migratory insertion, Sigma bond metathesis, Transmeta	Illation, Ligand
	substitution reactions, Wacker's oxidation, Water gas shift reactions and F	ischer-Tropsch
	process, Monsanto acetic acid process, Olefin metathesis.	1
	Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(30 Hours)
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 30 Hour	rs = 75 Hours)

3.	Practical will be based on
1	Analysis of Ternary mixtures: Ag ⁺ , Cu ²⁺ , and Ni ²⁺
2	Analysis of Ternary mixtures: Cu ²⁺ , Ni ²⁺ and Zn ²⁺

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3	Analysis of Ternary mixtures: Fe ³⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , and Ca ²⁺
4	Given a solution of BaCl ₂ and CaCl ₂ determine the amount of Ba gravimetrically and Ca
	volumetrically by oxalate method.
5	To prepare the tetra amine copper (II) sulfate monohydrate complex $[Cu(NH_3)_4(H_2O)]SO_4$
	from copper sulfate (CuSO ₄ .5H ₂ O). To estimate the amount of Cu in the prepared sample
	volumetrically.
6	To estimate gravimetrically, the amount of lead present in the whole of the given solution of
	lead acetate (or lead nitrate) by precipitating it as lead chromate.
7	Preparation and characterization of metal complex $K_3[Cr(C_2O_4)_3]$
8	Preparation and characterization of metal complex Mn(acac) ₂
9	Preparation and characterization of metal complex Prussian blue
10	Preparation and characterization of metal complex Turnbull blue

4.	Books Recommended
1	B. D. Gupta and A. J. Elias, Basic Organometallic Chemistry- Concepts, Synthesis, and
	Applications, Universities Press Private Limited, India, 2011.
2	J. Hartwig, Organotransition Metal Chemistry: From Bonding to Catalysis, 1st Edition,
	University Science Books, USA, 2009.
З	R. H. Crabtree, The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, 6 th Edition, John Wiley
	& Sons, New York, 2014.
4	D. F. Shriver and P. W. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 4 th Edition,
	London, 2006.
5	J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter, R. L. Keiter and O. K. Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry-Principles of
	Structure and Reactivity, 4 th Edition, Pearson Education, London, 2006.

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M.Sc.– III (Chem), Semester – V S		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
PERICYCLIC REACTIONS AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY		3	0	4	05
СҮ303					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Demonstrate the knowledge of the basic concept of various Photochemical reactions
CO2	Learn the concept of pericyclic reactions.
CO3	Predict the stereochemical outcome of pericyclic reactions.
CO4	Utilize the knowledge of free radical reactions.
CO5	Apply the use of synthetic reagents in various organic reactions.

2.	Syllabus	
	PERICYCLIC REACTIONS	(10 Hours)
	Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier molecular orbitals approach, 1,3-but hexatriene. Classification of pericyclic reactions, FMO and PMO approace diagrams, Woodward-Hoffman rules, Electrocyclic reactions-conrotatory a motions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, Cycloadditions-antrafacial and suprafacial and and 4n+2 systems. Signatropic rearrangements suprafacial and aptrafacial set	tadiene, 1,3,5- ch, correlation nd disrotatory additions in 4n
	PHOTOCHEMISTRY	(15 Hours)
	Quantum yields, techniques in photochemistry, photosensitization, a mechanism. Laws of photochemistry, thermal and photochemical reactions. P of olefins: cis-trans isomerization, dimerization reactions, Di- π methane r Photochemistry of aromatic compounds and its isomerization. Photochemistry of carbonyl compounds: Representation of excited state Reactivity of electrically excited ketones, Photo reduction, Norrish type I Reactions of cyclic ketones, oxetane formation (Paterno-Buchi reaction). Pho aromatic compounds and nitrogen-containing organic compounds. Reactions, Reactions, Photochemistry of and photocatalytic oxygenation reactions.	earrangement, es of ketones, & II reactions, tochemistry of ion of singlet-
	FREE RADICAL REACTIONS	(10 Hours)
	Generation of free radicals - thermolysis, photolysis, redox methods, abstra and fragmentation; Generation of radical intermediates and its (a) additional alkynes (inter- and intra- molecular) for C-C bond formation and Baldw fragmentation and rearrangements. Barton deoxygenation and decarboxyla coupling. Electron transfer catalysis; Factors influencing radical reactivities- re polar influences, solvent and steric effects on radical reactions.	ction, addition on to alkenes, vin's rules (b) tion, McMurry adical stability,
	REAGENTS	(10 Hours)
	Mechanism of action, selectivity and utility of following reagents: Sele Aluminium isopropoxide, Diazomethane, Lead tetra acetate, S Bromosuccinimide, Lithium aluminium hydride, Osmium tetraoxide, Raney borohydride, Manganese dioxide, Lithium diisopropylamide (LDA), DCC, DDQ	nium dioxide, odamide, N- nickel, Sodium , HIO4.
	Practical will be based on the coverage of the below topics separately	(60 Hours)
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 60 Hour	rs = 105 Hours)

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3.	Practical will be based on
1	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-insoluble phenol + water-
	insoluble acid
2	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-soluble phenol + water-
	insoluble acid
3	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-insoluble neutral + water-
	insoluble base
4	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-insoluble acid + water-
	insoluble neutral
5	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-soluble neutral + water-
	insoluble neutral
6	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-soluble neutral + water-
	insoluble acid
7	Systematic qualitative analysis of binary organic mixture: water-insoluble phenol + water-
	insoluble base
8	Systematic qualitative analysis of ternary organic mixture: water-soluble neutral + water-
	insoluble base
9	Systematic qualitative analysis of ternary organic mixture: water-insoluble acid + water-
	insoluble base + water-insoluble neutral
10	Systematic qualitative analysis of ternary organic mixture: water-soluble neutral + water-
	insoluble phenol + water-insoluble neutral
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4.	Books Recommended					
1	N. J. Turro, V.Ramamurthy, J.C.Scaiano, Modern Molecular Photochemistry of Organic					
	molecules, University Science Books, Sausalito, California, 2010.					
2	R.K. Parashar, V. K. Ahluwalia, Organic Reaction Mechanism, 4 th Edition, Narosa Publishing					
	House, India, 2018.					
3	I. Fleming, Pericylic Reactions, 2 nd Edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2015.					
4	J. Singh, J.A. Singh Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reaction, 4 th Edition, New Age					
	International Publishers, India, 2019.					
5	R.T. Morrison, R. N. Boyd, S. Bhattacharjee, Organic Chemistry, 7 th Edition, Pearson					
	Education, India, 2010.					

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M.Sc.– III (Chem), Semester – V		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY		3	0	4	05
СҮ305					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Demonstrate the basics of Thermal Methods of Analysis in analytical chemistry.
CO2	Learn the quantitative approaches through conventional methods of analysis.
CO3	Utilize the knowledge on electrophoresis and its applications in multidisciplinary areas.
CO4	Develop the basic concepts and applications of atomic spectrometry.
CO5	Establish the correlation between conventional and modern approach for quantitative
	analysis.

2.	Syllabus					
	THERMAL METHODS	(10 Hours)				
	Theory, methodology and applications of thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA), and Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC). Principles, techniques and applications of thermometric titration methods. Derivative thermal gravimetry – introduction and instrumentation – thermometric titration –titration of mixture of Ca ²⁺ and Mg ²⁺ with EDTA – titration of sodium melanate with HClO ₄ – direct injection enthalpy.					
	POLAROGRAPHY (08 Hours)					
	Origin of polargraphy, Current-voltage relationship, Theory of polarographic waves (DC and sampled DC polarograms), Instrumentation, Ilkovič equation, Qualitative and quantitative applications					
	CYCLIC VOLTAMMETRY AND AMPEROMETRY	(07 Hours)				
	Principle, instrumentation, Randles Sevcik equation, Applications (cyclic vor K_3 [Fe(CN) ₆]), amperometric titrations	ltamogram of				
	ELECTROPHORESIS	(08 Hours)				
	Introduction – migration rates and plate hights in CE – electroosmotic flow - various types of electrophoresis -instrumentation – detectors – microchip electrophoresis – CE-MS - applications.					
	ATOMIC SPECTROMETRY	(12 Hours)				
	Atomic SPECTROMETRY(12 Hours)Flame spectrometry: introduction, elementary theory, instrumentation, type of burners, interferences, type of interferences, background correction method and applications.Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS): Principle, instrumentation, production of atoms and ions, burners, detectors, advantage and disadvantage of AAS, standard addition method, internal standard method.Atomic Emission Spectrometry (AES): Principle, instrumentation, qualitative and quantitative analysis with AES, plasma emission spectrometry, direct current plasma, inductively coupled plasma, ICP-AES, high energy sources (plasma, arc, and spark), sample introduction and measurements.					
	Practical will be based on the coverage of the below topics separately					
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 60 Hours = 105 Hours)					

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3.	Practical will be based on
1	TG and DTA Techniques to Study of Reaction Mechanism of Potassium Tetraoxalate at
	Elevated Temperatures
2	Thermo-gravimetric Determination of Calcium as CaC ₂ O ₄ . H ₂ O
3	Thermo-gravimetric Determination of Iron as Fe ₂ O ₃
4	Measuring Vitamin C in Fruit Juice by Voltammetry with Standard Addition
5	Use of coated graphite electrodes for the potentiometric monitoring of precipitation
	reaction
6	Use of coated graphite electrodes for the potentiometric monitoring of acid-base reaction
7	Use of coated graphite electrodes for the potentiometric monitoring of complexation
	reaction
8	Measuring Manganese in Steel by Atomic Absorption Using a Calibration Curve
9	Spectrophotometric Analysis of a Mixture: Caffeine and Benzoic Acid in Soft Drink
10	Spectrophotometric Determination of Iron in Vitamin Tablets

4.	Books Recommended
1	S. M. Khopkar, Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry, 4 th Edition, New Age International,
	New Delhi, 2020.
2	D. A. Skoog, D. M. West, Holler, Crouch, Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 8 th Edition,
	Cengage Learning, USA, 2013
3	J. H. Kennedy, Analytical Chemistry: Principles, 2 nd Edition (India Edition), Cengage Learning
	India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
4	G. D. Christian, P. K. Dasgupta, K. A. Schug, Analytical Chemistry, 7 th Edition, Wiley-
	Interscience, New Jersey, 2013.
5	D. C. Harris, Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 9 th Edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, New
	York, 2015.

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M.Sc III (Chem) Semester – V		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
PHYSICAL METHODS OF STRUCTURE DETERMINATION		3	0	0	03
CY307					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Learn fundamentals of crystal growth and crystal habits.
CO2	Articulate profound knowledge in crystal systems.
CO3	Execute X-ray crystallographic knowledge for solving structures.
CO4	Discuss spectral behaviour of a molecule with unpaired electrons.
CO5	Interpret magnet properties of a molecule.

2.	Syllabus				
	CRYSTAL GROWTH	(09 Hours)			
	Nucleation phenomenon – Homogenous and Heterogeneous nucleation, Theories				
	growth. Defects, Classification of crystal growth methods: Melt, solution	n and Vapour			
		(20 Hours)			
	Crystal symmetry, Cell parameters and Crystal systems, Cubic crystal syste	em & lattices;			
	Density & Packing Fraction; Miller indices of crystallographic planes & directions; interplana				
	method, rotating crystal method (Bragg method) & powder method. X-i	ray Diffraction			
	pattern of a cubic system: Indexing of powder diffraction patterns. Coordinates of Points,				
	Structure factor calculation, Diffraction Intensity, preparation of structure p	olots including			
	ORTEP and lattice structures including packing diagrams. Crystal packing and	Visualisation			
	through MERCURY and DIAMOND software, diffractometer instrumenta	tion, Practical			
	exercise of structure determination using standard packages. Basic Refineme	nt exercise.			
	EPR SPECTROSCOPY AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES	(16 Hours)			
	Basic principles, zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, factors affecting	g the 'g' value.			
	Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants spin Hamiltonian, spin	densities and			
	Mc Connell relationship, applications. Structure characterization of Cu(II) co	mplexes using			
	EPR spectroscopy, Isotropic, axial and rhombic EPR spectra and interpretation	า.			
	Magnetic properties -Determination of Magnetic moments and their applications to the				
	elucidation of structures of inorganic compounds – temperature	independent			
	paramagnetism, Field-dependent magnetization, Magnetic properties of tran	nsition metals.			
	Spin crossover in coordination compounds – Single molecule magnets, Plottin	g MPMS Data.			
	(Total Contact Ti	me: 45 Hours)			

3.	Books Recommended
1	G. S. Girolami, X-ray Crystallography, 1 st Edition, Univ. Science Books, New York, United
	States, 2015.
2	J. M. D. Coey, Magnetism and Magnetic Materials, Illustrated edition, Cambridge University
	Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom, 2010.
3	J. W. Mullin, Crystallization, 5th Edition, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, London, 2019.

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4	W. Carter, Crystals & Crystal Growth, UK edition, Nova Science Publishers Inc, New York,
	United States, 2015.
5	R. S. Drago, Physical Methods in Inorganic Chemistry, 2 nd Edition, International Edition East-

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M.Sc.– III (Chem), Semester – V		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
UNIT PROCESS IN CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES		3	0	0	03
СҮ309					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Develop an introductory knowledge of chemical industry and unit processes.
CO2	Build a bridge between theoretical and practical concept used in industry.
CO3	Explore the various synthetic methods of producing industrial chemicals and their
	applications.
CO4	Appraise knowledge about the basic chemistry of production.
CO5	State the industrial chemical process of transforming raw materials to desired products.

2.	Syllabus	
	NITRATION	(06 Hours)
	Introduction, Nitrating Agents, Aromatic Nitration, Process Equipment Nitration, Batch Nitration, Continuous Nitration, manufacturing of nitrobenz and continuous process using fortified spent acid, m-dinitrobenzene a acetanilide.	for Technical ene by batch nd p-nitro
	AMINATION BY REDUCTION & AMMONOLYSIS AND HALOGENATION	(08 Hours)
	Amination: Introduction, Different types of reduction reactions, Schimdt and Bi different reduced products of nitrobenzene, manufacturing of aniline reduction, m-nitro aniline and aniline by ammonolysis. Halogenation: Introduction, different halogenating agents and halogenati mechanism and manufacturing of BHC and chlorobenzene.	azzi nitrators, by Bechamp on reactions,
	SULFONATION & SULFATION	(05 Hours)
	Introduction, Sulfonating & Sulfating agents, Sulfonation of Aromatic Compou and physical factors in sulfonation and sulfation, Commercial manufacturin sulfonic acid (Barbet process) and naphthalene sulfonic acid	nds. Chemical g of benzene
	OXIDATION	(06 Hours)
	Introduction, Types of oxidizing agents and reactions, Oxidation of toluene Manufacture of acetaldehyde from acetic acid and acetic acid from ethanol manufacturing of benzoic acid and phthalic anhydride	e with MnO ₂ . . Commercial
	HYDROGENATION AND ALKYLATION	(10 Hours)
	Hydrogenation: Introduction and scope, properties and sources of hydrogen hydrogenation and hydrogenolysis, factors affecting hydrogenation hydrogenation of fat and oil, manufacture methanol from CO ₂ and H ₂ . Alkylation: Introduction, Types of alkylation, alkylating agents, factors controlli equipment for alkylation, manufacture of alkyl aryl sulphonates and eth continuous process.	, gas catalytic n, industrial ing alkylation, ylbenzene by
	ESTERIFICATION AND HYDROLYSIS	(10 Hours)
	Esterification: Introduction, Esterification of organic acids. Commercial masome important compounds.	anufacture of

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Hydrolysis: Introduction, Hydrolysing agents, Equipment for hydrolysis, industrial hydrolysis
of fat, manufacture of ethanol from ethylene (Shell process) and phenol from benzene
sulfonic acid.

(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	M. Gopala Rao, M. Sittig, Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, 3 rd Edition, East-West
	Press, 2010.
2	G. T. Austin, Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, 5 th Edition, McGraw-Hill Pub., New York,
	2017.
3	R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau, L. G. Bullard Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, 4 th
	Edition, John Wiley, New York, 2016.
4	J. A. Kent (Ed.) Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, 10 th Edition, Kluwer Academic
	Publishers, New York, 2003.
5	P. H. Groggins, Unit Processing of Organic Synthesis, 5 th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill, New
	Delhi, 2001.

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Chemistry Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

(M. Sc. III) (Sem. – VI)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)
	Sixth Semester (3 rd year of MSc)				
1	Interpretative Molecular Spectroscopy	CY302	3-1-0	4	70
2	Molecules in Motion and Reaction Dynamics	CY304	3-1-2	5	100
3	Polymer Chemistry	CY306	3-0-4	5	115
4	Chemistry in Industries	CY308	3-0-0	3	55
5	Open Elective	CY3BB	3-0-0	3	55
			Total	20	395
6	Vocational Training / Professional Experience	CYV06 /	0-0-10	5	200
	(Optional) (mandatory for exit)	CYP06			(20 x 10)

Sr. No.	Open Elective	Code	Scheme L-T-P
1	Materials Chemistry	CY312	3-0-0

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M.Sc.– III (Chem), Semester – VI	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
INTERPRETATIVE MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY		3	1	0	04
CY 302					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Define the theories and basic principles of spectroscopic techniques.
CO2	Distinguish the effect of solvent and hydrogen bonding on vibrational frequencies.
CO3	Identify the organic functional groups by spectroscopic techniques.
CO4	Learn gas-phase reactions and to predict the fragmentation of organic molecules by mass
	spectrometry.
CO5	Evaluate unknown structure, or solve a structure-related problem by utilizing spectroscopic
	data.

2.	Syllabus	
	UV-VISIBLE ABSORPTION AND EMISSION SPECTROSCOPY	(10 Hours)
	Mechanism of absorption and emission of radiation by organic compounds absorption and emission bands and Franck-Condon principle. Various electron Lambert-Beer law, effect of solvent on electronic transition, Ultraviolet band compound, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, conjugated unsaturated Woodward-Fieser's rules for conjugated dienes and unsaturated carbonyl con spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds steric effect in biphenyls. Pr of fluorescence and phosphorescence spectra, instrumentation and applicati	nds, shape of nic transitions, ls for carbonyl compounds, ompounds, UV inciples, origin ons.
	INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY	(08 Hours)
	Principle, Instrumentation and sample handling, modes of vibrations, force bond strengths, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alk compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, carbonyl compounds, es anhydrides, lactones and lactams. Effect of solvent and hydrogen bonding frequencies, overtones, IR of gaseous, solids and polymeric materials.	constant and ynes, aromatic sters, amides, on vibrational
	NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY	(16 Hours)
	NMR phenomenon, spin ½ nuclei, (¹ H, ¹³ C, ³¹ P and ¹⁹ F), Zeeman splitting, effe field strength on sensitivity and resolution, chemical shift δ , inductive ar effects on δ , chemical structure correlations of δ , chemical and magnetic e spins, spin-spin coupling, structural correlation to coupling constant J, selection use of chemical shift reagents for stereochemical assignments. ¹³ C NMR, intra technique, relaxation phenomena.	ct of magnetic nd anisotropic equivalence of ve decoupling, oduction to FT
	MASS SPECTROMETRY	(11 Hours)
	Basic principles, ionization techniques, isotope abundance, molecular ion, processes of organic molecules, deduction of structure through r fragmentation, high resolution MS, soft ionization methods, ESI-MS an illustrative examples from macromolecules and supramolecules, Fragment ic even electron types – rearrangement ions – factors affecting cleavage pattern multicentre fragmentation – McLafferty rearrangement – Retro Diels-Alder f	fragmentation nass spectral d MALDI-MS, ons of odd and ns –simple and ragmentation.

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Mass spectra of hydrocarbons, alcohols, phenols, aldehydes, ketones, car amines and their derivatives.	rboxylic acids,
Tutorials will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(15 Hours)
(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 15 Hou	rs = 60 Hours)

3.	Tutorials will be based on
1	Calculations based on Woodward-Fieser rules for Absorption maxima of various organic
	compounds
2	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 1
3	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 2
4	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 3
5	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 4
6	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 5
7	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 6
8	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 7
9	Spectral problems for identification of organic compound 8
10	Identification of organic functional groups based on IR and UV spectral data
11	Identification of isomers by ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectral data
12	Identification of aromatic compounds by ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectral data
13	Structure determination by NMR and mass spectral data
14	Identification of metal complex structures by mass spectra
15	Structure determination by mass spectrometry

4.	Books Recommended
1	K. W. Silverstein, F. X. Webster, D. J. Kiemle, D. L. Bryce, Spectrometric Identification of
	Organic Compounds, 8 th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2014.
2	J. R. Lakowicz, Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy, 3 rd Edition, Springer, USA, 2006.
3	M. Sauer, J. Hofkens, J. Enderlein, Basic Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy, Wiley-
	VCH, New York, 2011.
4	J. H. Gross, Mass Spectrometry, 2 nd Edition, Springer Berlin Heidelberg, Germany, 2011.
5	G. M. Lampman, D. L. Pavia, G. S. Kria, J. R. Vyvyan, Spectroscopy International Edition, 4th
	Edition, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.ScIII (Chem) Semester – VI	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
MOLECULES IN MOTION AND REACTION DYNAMICS		3	1	2	05
СҮ304					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Interpret rate of reactions through various kinetic theories and understand mechanism of
	enzyme catalysis.
CO2	Learn the advances in electrodes and electrolytic reactions.
CO3	Demonstrate the deep theoretical knowledge of colligative properties.
CO4	Develop the theoretical basics of statistical thermodynamics
CO5	Execute the experiments related to physical chemistry approach which includes
	Kinetics, Conductometry, Colorimetry, pH-metry, Potentiometry and Titration.

2.	Syllabus	
	CHEMICAL KINETICS	(12 Hours)
	Collision theory, Arrhenius equation, rate determining step (RDS), active concept, transition state theory, steady state and equilibrium approximation consecutive reactions, reversible reactions. Temperature dependence and theory of reaction rates, Collision theory of bi-molecular gaseous reaction, con- steric effects, limitations, The transition-state theory, derivation of re- Thermodynamic formulation of transition state theory, Unimolecular ga- Lindeman theory, the Hinshelwood's theory, Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel theory and Kinetics of Enzyme catalysis. Numericals.	vation energy n, parallel and the Arrhenius ollision and the ate equation, gas reactions: y. Mechanism
	ELECTROCHEMISTRY	(13 Hours)
	Different types of electrodes and electrolyte concentration cell, liquid junc (LJP), methods for elimination of LJP, salt bridge, concentration cell with transference (with derivation of equation for EMF of cell and LJP). Debye- activity coefficients, lonic strength, Transport number, Applications of determination of: solubility product and solubility of sparingly soluble salts, ic water by galvanic cell, transport number of ions, equilibrium constant, pH by h and quinhydrone electrodes. Numericals.	ction potential and without Huckel theory, EMF in the onic product of hydrogen, glass
	COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES	(10 Hours)
	Vapour pressure lowering, Osmosis and osmotic pressure, Determination of from osmotic pressure measurements, Relation between osmotic pressure pressure lowering of an ideal solution, Theories of semi-permeability, Rev Boiling point elevation, Boiling point elevation, Freezing point elevation, I elevation depression, Abnormal Results and the van't Hoff factor.	of Molar mass re and vapour verse osmosis, Freezing point
	STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS	(10 Hours)
	Distribution laws: Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, and Fermi-Dirac, limitations of a various distribution laws. Partition function and its significance. Translation vibrational, and electronic partition functions of diatomic molecules and the Relation between partition and their thermodynamic function, average intern	applicability of nal, rotational, eir evaluation. al energy, heat

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capacity, Helmholtz free energy and entropy of mono- and di-atomic mole Tetrode equation.	cules, Sackur-
Tutorials will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(15 Hours)
Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(30 Hours)
(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 15 Hours + 30 Hou	rs = 90 Hours)

3.	Tutorials will be based on
1	Problem based on Arrhenius equation, rate determining step (RDS) and activation energy.
2	Problems based on Collision theory.
3	Problem based on transition-state theory, Lindeman theory, the Hinshelwood's theory and
	Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel theory.
4	Problems based steady state and equilibrium approximation.
5	Problems on electrodes and electrolyte concentration cell.
6	Problems on Debye-Huckel theory, activity coefficients, Ionic strength, Transport number.
7	Problem based on solubility product and solubility of sparingly soluble salts, ionic product
	of water by galvanic cell, transport number of ions, equilibrium constant and pH.
8	Problems based on Vapour pressure lowering, Osmosis and osmotic pressure.
9	Determination of Molar mass from osmotic pressure measurements.
10	Problems based on theories of semi-permeability, Reverse osmosis, Boiling point elevation,
	Boiling point elevation, Freezing point elevation, Freezing point elevation depression.
11	Problems based on the van't Hoff factor.
12	Derivation of distribution laws: Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, and Fermi-Dirac.
13	Problems based on Partition function.
14	Problems based on Sackur-Tetrode equation.

4.	Practical will be based on
1	Determine the order and rate constant of the reaction between K ₂ S ₂ O ₈ and KI. Also study
	the influence of ionic strength on the rate constant.
2	Study of the effect of substituent on the dissociation constant of weak acid by
	conductance (Acetic acid, mono-, di-, and tri-chloro acetic acid).
3	Determine the dissociation constants (pK _a values) of tribasic acid by pH-metry (e.g. ortho
	Phosphoric acid).
4	Determination of the freezing point depression and boiling point elevation of water by
	addition of sodium chloride.
5	To determine normality and neutralization point of HCl in the given solution by
	conductometric titration against NH₄OH Solution.
6	To determine the solubility product of BaSO ₄ conductometrically.
7	Verify the Onsager equation using KCl, K ₂ SO ₄ and BaCl ₂ as electrolytes and determine their
	equivalent conductivity at different dilutions and from them find out the equivalent
	conductivity of a weak electrolyte at infinite dilution.
8	To determine the CMC of any surfactant at room temperature in aqueous solution by
	conductance method.
9	To find out amount of ferrous ammonium sulphate in given flask potentiometrically using
	ceric salt.
10	Determination of adsorption isotherm of oxalic acid on activated charcoal.

5.	Books Recommended
1	S. Glasstone, Thermodynamics for Chemists, 1 st Edition, Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd.,
	New Delhi, 2009.
2	R. P. Rastogi, R. R. Misra, An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics, 6 th Edition, Vikas
	Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
3	B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, Principles of Physical Chemistry, 49 th Edition, Vishal Publications,
	New Delhi, India, 2020.
4	S. Maity, N. Ghosh, Physical Chemistry Practical, 1 st Edition, New Central Book Agency (P)
	Ltd., India, 2012.
5	M. C. Gupta, Statistical Thermodynamics, 3 rd Edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.,
	Daryaganj, New Delhi, 2021.

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M.Sc III (Chem) Semester - VI		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
POLYMER CHEMISTRY		3	0	4	05
CY306					

1	Course Outcomes (COs):
1.	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explain the general reaction course and reaction mechanism for common polymerizations.
CO2	Describe and compare the polymerization principles.
CO3	Calculate parameters and outcomes of polymerizations.
CO4	Evaluate polymerizations from a green chemistry perspective.
CO5	Demonstrate different types of polymerizations.

2.	Syllabus	
	INTRODUCTION	(05 Hours)
	Introduction, classification of polymers, general characteristics of polymers in with organic compound, distinction between plastics, elastomers, fibres and properties of polymers.	n comparison liquid resins,
	CHAIN POLYMERIZATION	(10 Hours)
	Preparative methods, properties and application: Low density (branched) polypropylene, high density (linear), polyethylene, polypropylene, natural ru derived from butadiene–acrylic acid copolymers, stereo-regular po polychloroprene (neoprene), styrene- butadiene –acrylonitrile copolymers. Ca polymers- polystyrene, copolymers of polystyrene, acrylic polymers–acrylic adhesives, poly acrylates, polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), polyvinyl a polyvinyl alcohol, poly vinyl chloride, fluorocarbon polymers.	polyethylene, bber, rubbers lybutadienes, arbon–carbon fibers, acrylic cetate (PVA),
	CONDENSATION POLYMERIZATION	(10 Hours)
	Preparative methods, properties and application: Polyamides, Nylon 6, Nylon 6 polyesters, polyether and related polymers – poly ethylene terephth polybutylene terephthalate (PBT), aromatic polyesters, polycarbonate, pol Flexible and rigid polyurethane, polyurethane elastomers, coatings, adhes containing polymers. Thermosetting resins – phenolic resins, amino resins epo	56, Nylon 610, halate (PET), yurethanes – sives, Sulphur oxy resins.
	POLYMER PROCESSING	(08 Hours)
	Basic processing operations, extrusion, calendaring, sheet forming, stamping, spinning, injection moulding, thermoforming, vulcanisation of elastomers.	casting, fibre
	POLYMER CHARACTERIZATION	(12 Hours)
	Identification and characterization of polymers: tensile strength, impact streng at break, water resistance, hardness, heat distortion temperature, brittle strength, molecular weight and molecular weight distribution-number, weight average molecular weights of polymers, methods of determining, mole Rheology of polymer, Fractionation of polymers, chemical analysis of polymer properties of polymers glassy state, glass transition temperature, factor's a transition temperature, degradation of polymers by thermal, oxidative, me chemical methods.	th, elongation ness, flexural and viscosity cular weight, s, mechanical iffecting glass echanical and

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(60 Hours)
(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 60 Hours	= 105 Hours)

3.	Practical will be based on
1	To study synthesis of Polyester resin.
2	To study synthesis of Acrylic polymer.
3	To study synthesis of Polyurethane resin.
4	To study synthesis of Polystyrene by emulsion polymerization.
5	To study synthesis of Polystyrene by suspension polymerization.
6	To perform FT-IR analysis of synthesized polymers.
7	Demonstration: To perform TGA of synthesized polymers.
8	To study synthesis of phenol-formaldehyde resin.
0	To prepare composite from unsaturated Polyester resin using Jute / Glass fiber as reinforcing
9	material.
10	To study synthesis of urea-formaldehyde resin.

4.	Books Recommended			
1	F. W. Billmeyer, Textbook of Polymer Science, 3 rd Edition, Wiley-Interscience, 2017.			
2	J. S. Walker, Physical Chemistry of Macromolecules - Basic Principles and Issues, 2 nd Edition,			
2	Pearson, 2004.			
2	V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, J. Sreedhar, Polymer Science, 4 th Edition, New Age			
5	International Pvt Ltd., 2021.			
4	V. K. Ahluwalia, Anuradha Mishra, Polymer Science: A Textbook, 1 st Edition, CRC Press, 2008.			
F	Charles E. Carraher, R. Seymour, Introduction to polymer chemistry, 4 th Edition, CRC Press,			
5	2017.			

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M.Sc.– III (Chem), Semester – VI		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
CHEMISTRY IN INDUSTRIES		S	0	0	03
CY308					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explain process technologies of various organic and inorganic process industries.
CO2	Discuss the process flow diagram and various process parameters.
CO3	Explore various synthetic methods of producing industrial chemicals, their applications.
CO4	State the basic chemistry of production.
CO5	Appraise knowledge about laboratory and plant safety and management.

NITROGEN INDUSTRY (06	Hours)
Introduction, manufacture of synthetic nitrogen products and miscellaneous chemic	icals such
as ammonia, hydro amine, fluorocarbon and various types of nitrogenous fertilizers	's such as
urea, ammonium sulphate, ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate.	
FERMENTATION INDUSTRY (05)	Hours)
Introduction, culture development, inoculum preparation, nutrients for microorg	rganisms,
toxic effects on culture, manufacture of industrial alcohol, absolute alcohol,	vinegar,
downstream processing.	
PERFUMERY INDUSTRY (06	Hours)
Compounds used for different perfumes, vehicles, fixatives, odorous sub	bstances,
preparation of phenyl ethanol, synthesis of musk ketone, musk xylene, vanillin, p	perfume
formulation.	
AGROCHEMICAL AND PESTICIDE INDUSTRY (06	Hours)
Classification of agrochemicals, classification of insecticide, ammonium phosphate	te, super
phosphate, BHC, Uses of agrochemicals and environments.	
INDUSTRIAL GASES (06	Hours)
Industrial Gases – Manufacture of hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, chlor	orine and
sulphur dioxide.	
LABORATORY SAFETY AND PROCESS SAFETY (08 F	Hours)
Personal protective equipment, nature of the hazard and the task, compatibility with	ith other
PPE, chemicals being used, including concentration and quantity, hazards posed	d by the
chemicals, routes of exposure for the chemicals, material the PPE is constructed o	or, safety
	Hours)
Industrial bazards and safety considerations in chamical industrias machanical a	alactrical
and chemical hazards fire and explosion hazards, health hazards, laboratory safety	
of plant hazards, safety practice.	,,
(Total Contact Time: 45	5 Hours)

	0 1
3.	Books Recommended
1	G. T. Austin, Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, 5 th Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India)
	Private Limited, 2017.
2	Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 17 th Edition, Dhanpat Rai publishing company, 2015.
3	B. K. Sharma, Industrial Chemistry, 3 rd Edition, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd., Meerut,
	2016.
4	Ash, Michael and Irene, Formulary of Cosmetic Preparations, 1 st Edition, Chemical
	Publishing Co, 1977.
5	F. V. Wells, M. Billot, Perfumery Technology, 2 nd Edition, Longman Higher Education, 1981

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4.	Additional Reading Materials
1	J. A. Kent (Ed.) Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, 10 th Edition, Kluwer Academic
	Publishers, New York, 2003.
2	M. L. Srivastava, Fermentation Technology, Narosa Publisher, 2008.

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M.ScIII (Chem) Semester – VI	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
MATERIALS CHEMISTRY		3	0	0	03
CY312					

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Discuss basic concepts of chemical processing and synthesis routes of various materials.
CO2	Distinguish and compare variety of materials based on their structures and functions
CO3	Memorize the fundamentals of the materials properties
CO4	Develop skills for material processes for device integration
CO5	Learn the different classes of materials used in engineering applications

2.	Syllabus			
	HYBRID MATERIALS	(12 Hours)		
	Introduction to materials chemistry, compounds vs materials, nanoscale porosity in organic and inorganic materials, Synthesis, structural features and potential applications of metal organic frameworks, covalent organic frameworks and porous organic frameworks in adsorption, sensing and storage applications.			
	INORGANIC FIBRES	(07 Hours)		
	Structure, properties and applications of boron fibres, carbon fibres, silicon carbide fibres, alumina fibres. Inorganic polymers.			
	ELECTRONIC MATERIALS	(08 Hours)		
	Semiconductors, Superconductors and High temperature superconductors, topological insulators, conducting oxides materials and their applications in devices.			
	PHOTONIC MATERIALS	(10 Hours)		
	Basic design and applications of photo-luminescent materials, dye-sensitized solar cells (DSCs), light-emitting diodes (LED), organic light-emitting diodes (OLED), photovoltaics, and chiroptical materials and photorefractive materials.			
	ENERGY MATERIALS	(08 Hours)		
	Basic concepts of batteries and Super capacitors, fuel cells, hydrogen generation, hydrogen and methane storage materials, carbon capture and sequestration materials.			
	(Total Lecto	ure Hours: 45)		

3	Books Recommended
1	Lalena, J.N.; Cleary, D.A. Principles of Inorganic Materials Design; Wiley: New York, 2010
2	Sam-Shajing Sun, Larry R. Dalton, Introduction to Organic Electronic and Optoelectronic
	Materials and Devices, CRC Press, London, 2017.
3	Organic Electronics Materials and Devices by S. Ogawa, Springer, Tokyo, 2015.
4	B. D. Fahlman, Ed, Materials Chemistry, Elsevier, Switzerland, 2018
5	B. K. Sharma, Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, India, 2014.

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Chemistry Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

(M. Sc. IV) (Sem. – VII)
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Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)
	Seventh Semester (4 th Year of M. Sc.)				
1	Reaction Mechanism in Coordination Chemistry	CY401	3-0-4	5	115
2	Synthetic Approaches in Organic Chemistry	CY403	3-0-4	5	115
3	Atomic Spectroscopy and Electron Microscopic Techniques	CY405	3-1-0	4	70
4	Computational Chemistry	CY407	3-0-4	5	115
5	Core Elective-1	CY4AA	3-0-0	3	55
6	MOOC Course*	CY453	3-0-0/ 3-1-0	3/4	
			Total	25-26	470
7	Skill Development on Computational Tools Vocational Training/ Professional Experience (Optional) (Mandatory for exit)	CYV07/CYP07	0-0-10	5	200 (20x10)

Sr. No.	Core Elective	Code	Scheme L-T-P
1	Surfactant Chemistry	CY451	3-0-0
2	Chemistry of Nanomaterials	CY452	3-0-0

*Students will be required to opt any one Massive Open Online Courses (MOOC) course through NPTEL / SWAYAM platform in Semester- VII or Semester VIII excluding the courses of the existing curriculum of five years integrated programme in chemistry. Necessary approval from the department is required before the registration of the courses on above platform. The credit of the courses through above platform will be considered as per the norms of the institute.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VII		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
REACTION MECHANISM IN COORDINATION CHEMISTRY		3	0	4	05
CY401			-	-	

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explore thermodynamic and kinetic of complex formation in solution.
CO2	Study on reaction mechanisms of complexation in solution.
CO3	Explore redox processes in metal complexes.
CO4	Discuss on possible electronic transitions in metal complexes.
CO5	Write photochemical reaction of metal complexes.

2.	Syllabus		
	THERMODYNAMIC AND KINETIC BEHAVIOR OF METAL COMPLEXES	(15 Hours)	
	tability, step wise formation constants and overall formation constants. Kinetic versus Thermodynamic stability, labile and inert octahedral complexes according to valence bond and crystal field theory. factors affecting stability constants, Chelates and macrocyclic effects, Irving Williams order, determination of stability constant by various methods (spectrophotometric and pH-metric), conditional stability constants and their importance in complexometric EDTA titration of metal jons, statistical and non-statistical factors affecting stability of complexes in solution.		
	REACTION MECHANISMS IN TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES	(15 Hours)	
	Substitution reactions in octahedral and square planar complexes, Reaction mechanism of ligand substitution reactions in octahedral complexes: SN ₁ (D-process), SN ₂ (A-process), solvent intervention, ion pair formation, conjugate base formation SN ₁ CB. Solvolysis reactions: acid and base hydrolysis, Trans effect, theories of Trans effect, Redox (one and two-electron transfer) reactions inper sphere and outer sphere processes. Creutz-Traube complexes		
	INORGANIC PHOTOCHEMISTRY	(15 Hours)	
	Introduction of inorganic photochemistry, Photochemically excited states and excited state processes for transition metal complexes, Types of photochemical reactions in transition metal complexes, Ligand-field photochemistry of chromium(III) complexes, Photo substitution reactions, Adamson's rules, photochemistry of Cobalt(III) complexes, Mechanism of photoreduction: photophysics and photochemistry of Ruthenium-polypyridine complexes, Applications of photochemical inorganic reactions in synthesis, Catalysis, Biological processes, chemical actinometer and in laser.		
	Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(60 Hours)	
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 60 Hours =	105 Hours)	

3.	Practical will be based on
1	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of potassium tris(oxalato) aluminate (III)
2	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of potassium tris(oxalaato) chromate (III)
3	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of sodium hexa(nitro) cobaltate (III)
4	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of hexa(ammine) cobalt (III)

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5	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of tetrapyridine copper (II)persulphate
6	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of dinitrotetrapyridine nickel (II)
7	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of hexamine nickel (II) chloride
8	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of bis(acetylacetonato) copper (II)
9	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of tris(acetylacetonato) iron (III)
10	Preparation and characterization (UV-Vis, FT-IR, etc.) of tris(acetylacetonato) manganese (III)

4.	Books Recommended
1	J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter, R. L. Keiter, O. K. Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry - Principles of Structure and
	Reactivity, 5 th Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2022.
2	J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5 th Edition, Oxford University Press, India, 2014.
3	B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma, K.C. Kalia, Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, 33 rd Edition, Vishal Publishing
	Co., India, 2022.
4.	W. W. Porterfield, Inorganic chemistry: A Unified Approach, 2 nd Edition, Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd., New
	Delhi, 2013.
5.	R. B. Jordan, 'Inorganic Photochemistry', Reaction Mechanisms of Inorganic and Organometallic
	Systems, 3 rd Edition, Oxford Academic, New York, 2020.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VII		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
SYNTHETIC APPROACHES IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY		3	0	4	05
CY403					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Define the role of protecting groups in organic synthesis.
CO2	Extend the knowledge in the mechanisms of various named reactions and their significance in
	synthesis of drugs.
CO3	Learn the mechanistic and stereo chemical aspects in the reactions of carbon-carbon and carbon-
	hetero multiple bonds molecules.
CO4	Investigate the mechanistic details of various rearrangement reactions in organic molecules.
CO5	Learn the mechanistic pathways of various name reactions.

2.	Syllabus			
	PROTECTING GROUPS	(05 Hours)		
	Protection and deprotection methodology for functional groups. Synthetic application synthesis, biology and medicine.	Protection and deprotection methodology for functional groups. Synthetic applications in peptide synthesis, biology and medicine.		
	REARRANGEMNTS IN CARBON SKELETON	(08 Hours)		
	Classification and general mechanistic treatment of nucleophilic, free radical and rearrangements, Pinacol-Pinacolone, Semipinacol, Wagner Meerwein, Favors Hoffmann, Schmidt, Beckmann's, Wittig, Benzil-Benzilic acid, Demjanov, Claisen-Joh and Oxy-Cope rearrangements.	electrophilic kii, Curtius, nson-Ireland		
	REMODELING OF CARBON SKELETON	(07 Hours)		
	Cleavage of C-C bonds. Decarboxylation, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, and 1,2-diol cleava synthesis, synthetic utilization of the double bond cleavage reactions.	ge in a total		
	ASSYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS	(07 Hours)		
	Synthesis of Taxol and strychnine, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Jacobsen epo epoxidation. Alkenes to diols, Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation, metathesis reaction	xidation, Shi ions.		
	ADDTION TO CARBON-CARBON & CARBON-HETEROATOM MULTIPLE BONDS	(18 Hours)		
	Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, and free radicals, regio- and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity, addition to cy- ring, hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings, hyd Michael reaction, ene reaction, Wittig reaction, Perkin reaction, Claisen – Schmidt co- Peterson's synthesis. Cannizaro and cross Cannizaro reactions, Benzoin condensa Kishner reduction, Clemmenson reduction, MPV reduction, Birch reduction. Riem reaction, Gattermaan reaction, Chichibabin reaction. Uses of organoboron compound synthesis. Addition of Grignard reagent, organo zinc, organo copper, and organo lithiu to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Mechanism of condensation reaction enolates- Knoevenagel, Mannich and Stobbe reactions. Sakurai reaction, BaylisHillma Corey-Fuch's reaction, Nozaki-Hiyama-Kishi reaction.	nuclophiles yclopropane droboration, ondensation, tion, Wolff- ner-Tiemann ds in organic um reagents ons involving ov reaction, nn reaction,		
	Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(60 Hours)		

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(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 60 Hours = 105 Hours)

3.	Practical will be based on
1	Backmann's rearrangement. [#]
2	Wolff-Kishner reduction. [#]
3	Cannizzaro reaction. [#]
4	Sandmayer's reaction. [#]
5	Asymmetric synthesis (ketone reduction). #
6	Asymmetric synthesis (epoxidation). [#]
7	Diazocoupling. [#]
8	Nitration. [#]
9	Reimer–Tiemannreaction. [#]
10	Diels-Alder Reaction. [#]

[#]Identification of formed compounds by spectroscopic methods.

4.	Books Recommended
1	W. Carruthers, I. Coldham, Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, 4 th Edition, Cambridge
	University, 2005.
2	F. A. Carey, R. J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry: Structure and Mechanism (Part A), 5 th
	Edition, Springer, 2007.
3	Michael B. Smith, March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure, 8 th
	Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, USA, 2019.
4	R. O. C. Norman, J. M. Coxon, Principles of Organic Synthesis, 3 rd Edition, Nelson Thornes, 2005.
5	G. S. Zweifel, M. H. Nantz, P. Somfai, Modern Organic Synthesis: An Introduction, 2 nd Edition, John
	Wiley & Sons, Inc, USA, 2017.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VII	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
ATOMIC SPECTROSCOPY AND ELECTRON MICROSCOPIC		3	1	0	04
TECHNIQUES					
CY405					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Define basic principles and instrumental aspects for atomic spectroscopic techniques.
CO2	Explain theory and applications of photoelectron spectroscopy.
CO3	Predict elemental composition by atomic spectroscopic techniques.
CO4	Distinguish morphology and structures of various materials by electron microscopic techniques.
CO5	Interpret spectral data of atomic spectroscopic and electron microscopic techniques for chemical
	analysis.

2.	Syllabus			
	ATOMIC SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES	(16 Hours)		
	Atomic mass spectrometry – general features of atomic mass spectrometry, mass s	pectrometer,		
	inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (MS), instrumentation, atomic mass	s spectra and		
	interferences, spark source MS, glow-discharge MS, elemental surface analysis.	Atomic X-ray		
	spectrometry – Fundamental principles. X-ray fluorescence. X-ray absorption. X-ray	emission and		
	diffraction. Instrumentation, quantitative and semiquantitative analysis, advised under the semigurantitative analysis advised to the semigurantitative advised to the semigurantita	antages and		
	disadvantages of X-ray hubrescence methods.			
	PHOTOELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY	(14 Hours)		
	Photoexcitation and photoionization, principle of Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy (UPS) and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS), types of peaks, chemical shifts, Instrumentation,			
	XPS and UPS of simple molecules, applications. Auger electron microsco	py-principle,		
	instrumentation and applications, similarities and differences in ESCA and AES, adv	vantages and		
	disadvantages.			
	ELECTRON MICROSCOPY	(15 Hours)		
	Introduction to study of surface, Electron stimulated microanalysis method	ls- (electron		
	microprobe, Transmission Electron Microscope, Scanning Electron Microscop	be, Scanning		
	Transmission Electron Microscope, Analytical Electron Microscopy, Scanning-Probe	Microscopes)		
	and atomic force microscope – principle, instrumentation and applications.			
	Tutorials will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(15 Hours)		
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 15 Hours	s = 60 Hours)		

3.	Tutorials will be based on
1	Describe the basic differences among atomic emission, atomic absorption, and atomic
	fluorescence spectroscopy.
2	Type of interferences encountered in atomic mass spectrometry
3	Why is atomic emission more sensitive to flame instability than atomic absorption?
4	Discuss the differences that result in ICP atomic emission when the plasma is viewed axially
	rather than radially.

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4.	Books Recommended
15	Atomic spectral problems for manganese in geological sample
14	Atomic spectral problems for copper determination in water
13	Atomic spectral problems for chromium determination in steel
12	Atomic spectral problems for quantitative analysis 4
11	Atomic spectral problems for quantitative analysis 3
10	Atomic spectral problems for quantitative analysis 2
9	Atomic spectral problems for quantitative analysis 1
8	Atomic spectral problems for determination of element 4
7	Atomic spectral problems for determination of element 3
6	Atomic spectral problems for determination of element 2
5	Atomic spectral problems for determination of element 1

4.	books Recommended
1	D. A. Skoog, D. M. West, Holler, Crouch, Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 8 th Edition,
	Cengage Learning, USA, 2013
2	G. D. Christian, P. K. Dasgupta, K.A. Schug, Analytical Chemistry, 7 th Edition, John Wiley & Sons,
	New York, 2013.
3	J. I. Goldstein, D. E. Newbury, J. R. Michael, N. W.M. Ritchie, J. H. J. Scott, D. C. Joy, Scanning
	Electron Microscopy and X-Ray Microanalysis, 4 th Edition, Springer New York, NY, 2018
4	D. B. Williams and C. B. Carter. "Transmission Electron Microscopy: A Textbook for Materials
	Science" 2 nd Edition, Springer, 2009
5	Paul van der Heide, X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy: An Introduction to Principles and
	Practices, 1 st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., USA, 2012.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VII	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
COMPUTATIONAL CHEMISTRY		3	0	4	05
CY407					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs): At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Describe the theoretical concepts of molecular mechanics and geometry optimizations.
CO2	Predict excited state geometry and properties in order to calculate molecular spectroscopy- based parameters.
CO3	Compare the theoretical data with experimental spectra.
CO4	Explore molecular dynamic simulations.
CO5	Explain and perform molecular docking with suitable examples.

2.	Syllabus	
	AB INITIO CALCULATIONS	(12 Hours)
	Principles of ab initio method, Hartree SCF method, Hartree–Fock equations, Gaussian functions; basis set preliminaries; direct SCF, types of basis sets and their Hartree–Fock calculations, electron, correlation, Møller–Plesset, approach	, basis sets, r uses, post-
	correlation, configuration interaction approach to electron correlation - cou	pled cluster
	method, applications of ab initio method – geometries, energies, frequencies and	d vibrational
	spectra, bond orders, Atoms-in-Molecules (AIM), other important properties -, ionizatio	
	energies, and electron affinities, strengths and weaknesses of ab initio calculations.	
	SEMIEMPIRICAL AND DFT CALCULATIONS	(12 Hours)
	Principles of SCF semiempirical methods, Pariser-Parr-Pople (PPP) method, Comp of Differential Overlap (CNDO) method, Intermediate Neglect of Differential Over method, Neglect of Diatomic Differential Overlap (NDDO) method, Principles functional theory (DFT), previous DFT methods, Kohn–Sham approach, Kohn–Shar applications of semiempirical and DFT methods – geometries, energies, freque vibrational spectra, properties arising out of electron distribution – dipole momen bond orders, other important properties - UV and NMR spectra, ionization en electron affinities, strengths and weaknesses of semiempirical and DFT methods. SOLVATION, DIRADICALS AND HEAVY ATOMS Solvation, ways of treating solvation, singlet diradicals - model chemistries and be chemistries. Complete Active Space (CAS) calculations, heavy atoms and	lete Neglect erlap (INDO) s of density m Approach, uencies and nts, charges, nergies, and (06 Hours) yond model relativistic
	corrections, heavy atom calculations, transition metals.	
	MOLECULAR MECHANICS	(08 Hours)
	History and fundamental assumptions, potential energy functional forms, bond valence angle bending, torsions, van der Waals interactions, electrostatic interac- terms and additional non-bonded terms, parameterization strategies, force-field e thermodynamics, geometry optimization, optimization algorithms, optimizat specific to force fields, menagerie of modern force fields, available force fields, valid fields.	d stretching, ctions, cross energies and ion aspects dation, force
	MOLECULAR DOCKING	(07 Hours)

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docking, applications of docking – receptor –ligand binding, virtual screening, dru	lg discoverv.
protein – protein interaction, enzymatic studies, software available for docking an	d their uses.
Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(60 Hours)

3.	Practical will be based on
1	Demonstration of chemical structure drawing program ChemDraw and molecular modelling
	counterpart Chem3D to draw and manipulate different organic chemistry structures.
2	Drawing chemical structure with ChemDraw and Chem3D.
3	Geometry optimization techniques and their effect on geometry, energy and frequencies with
	butane as an example using Gaussian 09W.
4	Location of different conformations and transition states in 1,2 - dichloroethane using
	Gaussian 09W.
5	Calculation of IR, Raman and polarizability using the Gaussian 09W and to demonstrate the
	other importance of frequency calculations.
6	Calculation of the UV Vis spectrum and emission spectra of acrolein/phenol using CIS/TDDFT
	method.
7	Theoretical prediction of 1H and 13C NMR spectra and spin-spin coupling constants of ethanol.
8	Calculation of vibrational circular dichroism (VCD) Electronic circular dichroism (ECD), and
	Optical rotary dispersion (ORD) using the Gaussian 09W.
9	Demonstration of molecular dynamic simulation with Gromacs/Amber.
10	Demonstration of molecular docking with Autodock.

4.	Books Recommended
1	F. Jensen, Introduction to Computational Chemistry, 3 rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd,
	Chichester, UK, 2017.
2	E.G. Lewars, Computational Chemistry, 3 rd Edition, Springer, Switzerland, 2016.
3	T. Chakraborty, P. Ranjan, A. Pandey, Computational Chemistry Methodology in Structural
	Biology and Materials Sciences, 1 st Edition, Apple Academic Press, New York, 2017.
4	J. Schrier, Introduction to Computational Physical Chemistry, University Science Books, Mill
	Valley, California, 2017.
5	J. Leszczynski, Handbook of Computational Chemistry, 2 nd Edition, Springer, New York, 2017.

5.	Additional Reading Material
1	D. Bove, Computational Chemistry: Theories, Methods and Applications, Nova Science
	Publishers, Inc., New York, 2014.
2	A. Kukol, Molecular Modelling of Proteins, 2 nd Edition, Springer, New York, 2015.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VII	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
SURFACTANT CHEMISTRY		3	0	0	03
CY451					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Learn the basics of Surfactants and their importance in various fields of engineering.
CO2	Appraise a deep knowledge on their phase study and micellization process.
CO3	Correlate the solution behaviour surfactants.
CO4	Evaluate various models defining surfactant solutions.
CO5	Collaborate the skill to apply the advances of surfactants.

2.	Syllabus	
	INTRODUCTION	(07 Hours)
	Molecular structure of surfactants, Classification of surfactants, Properties and o influencing surfactant choice, Surface activity, Surface tension, Interfacial and dyna tension, Reduction of Surface, interfacial and dynamic tension by Surfactants, Ef Effectiveness in surface tension Reduction: Kraft point (KP). Test methods for interfacial tension measurements: Wilhelmy Plate, Pendent Drop, Du Nouy's Volume (Weight), and Spinning Drop. The Economic Importance of Surfactants, Su the Environment, Biodegradation of Surfactants.	ther criteria amic surface ficiency and surface and Ring, Drop urfactants in
	ADSORPTION OF SURFACTANTS	(07 Hours)
	Gibbs Monolayers, Surface Pressure, Surface Potential, Surface Rheology, Gibbs Sur Electrical Double layer, Gibbs Adsorption Isotherm, Equation of State Approach, C of Solid–Vapor Adsorption Isotherms: Langmuir, Freundlich, Brunauer–Emmett- Isotherm for Surface Area calculation.	rface Excess, Classification -Teller (BET)
	PHASE BEHAVIOR OF SURFACTANT SYSTEMS	(06 Hours)
	Solubility-Temperature relationship for Ionic surfactants, surfactant self-assembly, Liquid Crystalline Phases: Hexagonal, Micellar Cubic, Lamellar, Bicontinuous C Diagrams of Ionic and Nonionic Surfactants.	structure of Cubic. Phase
	MICELLE FORMATION BY SURFACTANTS	(09 Hours)
	The Critical Micelle Concentration (CMC), Packing Parameter, Micellar structure Aggregation number (N_{agg}), Factors Affecting the CMC in aqueous media: Structure Surfactant, the Hydrophobic and Hydrophilic group, the Counterion in Ionic surfact of Binding to the Micelle, Electrolyte (inorganic/ organic), and Temperature.	e and shape, cture of the ants, Degree
	SOLUTION PROPERTIES OF SURFACTANT	(09 Hours)
	Solubility–Temperature relationship for Surfactants, Thermodynamics of Micelliza aspects, Equilibrium aspects, Phase Separation Model, Mass Action Model, E Entropy of Micellization, Driving force for micelle formation, Micellization in Pol Polar solvents, synergistic or antagonistic micellization in surfactant mixtures (Mixe Rheology of surfactant solutions: Introduction to various rheological terms, behaviour of monomeric solutions and non-interacting micelles, Entanglement rod-like micelles, the rheological behavior of bilayer phases.	ition, Kinetic nthalpy and ar and Non- ed Micelles). Rheological networks of
	MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPLICATIONS OF SURFACTANTS	(07 Hours)

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Surfactants as Foaming and Antifoaming agents, as Dispersants, in Wetting (Contact angle), Spreading and Adhesion, in Nano-emulsions and Micro-emulsification, in Stabilization of suspensions, in Detergency, in Aerosols, in Personal Care and Cosmetics, in Pharmaceutical Formulations, in Agrochemicals, in the Food Industry.

(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	T. F. Tadros, Applied Surfactants - Principles and Applications, 2 nd Edition, Wiley VCH, Verlag
	GmbH & Co., Germany, 2005.
2	M. R. Porter, Handbook of Surfactants, Reprint, Springer; Softcover reprint of the original 2 nd
	Edition, 2012.
3	J. Falbe, Surfactants in Consumer Products Theory, Technology and Applications, Softcover
	reprint of the original 1 st Edition, 2011.
4	D. Myers, Surfaces, Interfaces, and Colloids - Principles and Applications, John Wiley & Sons,
	Inc., New York, 2002.
5	M. J. Rosen, J. T. Kunjappu, Surfactants and Interfacial Phenomena, 4 th Edition, John Wiley &
	Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2012.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VIII	Scheme	L	Т	Р	Credit
CHEMISTRY OF NANOMATERIALS		3	0	0	03
CY452					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Identify synthetic procedure for processing of nanomaterials as per needs and specifications.
CO2	Acquire knowledge about the electronic, mechanical and thermal properties of nanomaterials.
CO3	Illustrate the structure and morphology of nanomaterials.
CO4	Classify the applications of nanomaterials in sustainable developments and technology.
CO5	Extend the knowledge on the synthetic routes for synthesis of nanomaterials

2.	Syllabus	
	STRUCTURES & CLASSIFICATION OF NANOMATERIALS	(10 Hours)
	Definition of Nano, Atomic Structure and atomic size, emergence and challenges of r and nanotechnology, carbon age-new form of carbon nanostructures, influence of micro/macro, size effects and crystals, large surface to volume ration, surface eff properties. Types of nanostructure and properties of nanomaterials: One dimensional, Two and three-dimensional nanostructured materials, Quantum Dots shell structures, m semiconductors, composites, mechanical-physical-chemical properties.	nanoscience of nano over fects on the dimensional netal oxides,
	SYNTHETIC ROUTES OF NANOMATERIALS	(18 Hours)
	Principle and relative merits of each technique for production of Nano-structure ultra-thin films and multilayer by: (a) Laser Ablation technique, (b) Arc Discharge tec (c) Mechanical Milling. Physico-chemical methods such as Chemical Vapor Depose Plasma, Sputtering, Hot-Wire Plasma Enhanced CVD method, and Self-assembly tec Chemical methods: Synthesis of nanomaterials by precipitation and co-precipitation Sol-Gel synthesis, Microemulsions synthesis, Hydrothermal and Solvotherma Microwave assisted synthesis, Sonochemical assisted synthesis. Metal nanocrystals polyol, and borohydrate reduction methods, Photochemical synthesis, Synthesis in a fluids and Electrochemical synthesis, Synthesis of Core-Shell nanostructure, Organi Hybrids, Quantum dots (QDs), Carbon Nanotubes, Graphenenanosheets. Biologic Use of bacteria, and fungi.	es including chnique and sition (CVD), chnique. on methods, il methods. synthesis by supercritical c –lnorganic cal methods:
	PROPERTIES, CHARACTERIZATION AND APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS	(17 Hours)
	Properties and size effect of nanomaterials, electrical, Mechanical, Magnetic, catalytic properties, Analytical techniques for the characterization of nanostructur Applications of nanomaterials in analytical chemistry, organic chemistry, biomedi and sustainable development and technology.	Optical and e materials, cal sciences
	(Total Contact Time	e: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	G. A. Ozin, A. C. Arsenault, L. Cademartiri, Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to
	Nanomaterials, 2 nd Edition, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge, 2009.
2	C. N. R Rao, A. Muller, A. K Cheetham, Nanomaterials Chemistry, 1 st Edition, Wiley-VCH, 2007.

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3	G. Cao, Y. Wang, Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties, and Applications, 2 nd
	Edition, World Scientific Publishing Co Pvt. Ltd; Singapore, 2011.
4	M. Naito, T. Yokoyama, K. Hosokawa, K. Nogi, Nanoparticle Technology Handbook, 3 rd Edition,
	Elsevier, Amsterdam, Netherlands, 2018.
5	T. Pradeep, Nano the Essentials: Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, 1 st Edition,
	Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Chemistry Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)
	Eight Semester (4 th Year of M. Sc.)				
1	Symmetry, Spectra and Magnetism	CY402	3-1-0	4	70
2	Chemistry of Natural Products	CY404	3-0-4	5	115
3	Physical Aspects of Molecular Spectroscopy	CY406	3-1-0	4	70
4	Purification and Separation Techniques	CY408	3-0-4	5	115
5	Core Elective-2	CY4BB	3-0-0	3	55
6	MOOC Course*	CY456	3-0-0/	3/4	
			3-1-0		
			Total	24-25	425
7	Skill Development on GMP and GLP	CYV08/	0-0-10	5	200
	Vocational Training / Professional Experience	CYP08			(20x10)
	(Optional) (mandatory for exit)				

(M. Sc. IV) (Sem. – VIII)

Sr. No.	Core Elective	Code	Scheme L-T-P
1	Green Chemical Processing	CY454	3-0-0
2	C-H Functionalization	CY455	3-0-0

*Students will be required to opt any one Massive Open Online Courses (MOOC) course through NPTEL / SWAYAM platform in Semester- VII or Semester VIII excluding the courses of the existing curriculum of five years integrated programme in chemistry. Necessary approval from the department is required before the registration of the courses on above platform. The credit of the courses through above platform will be considered as per the norms of the institute.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VIII Scher		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
SYMMETRY, SPECTRA AND MAGNETISM		3	1	0	4
CY402					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Demonstrate the principles and concepts of symmetry and group theory.
CO2	Explore the use of character tables and projection operator techniques.
CO3	Interpret molecular symmetry, symmetry operations, and molecular point groups.
CO4	Analyze electronic spectra of coordination compounds.
CO5	Describe inorganic magnetism.

2.	Syllabus	
	SYMMETRY AND GROUP THEORY	(25 Hours)
	Symmetry Operations and Elements of Symmetry: Rotational Axis of Symmet	ry, Plane of
	Symmetry, Improper Rotational Axis of Symmetry (Alternate Axis of Symmetry), Centre of
	Symmetry, Identity Element, Cartesian Coordinate System and Symmetry Elements,	More about
	Symmetry Elements, Mathematical requirements for a point group, Group multiplic	ation tables,
	Group generating elements, Subgroups and Classes-exercises, Point groups, Ider	ntification of
	Molecular point groups, Notation of Point Groups, Systematic assignment of point	nt groups to
	molecules, Descent in Symmetry of Molecules with substitution, Exercises on Po	oint Groups,
	Matrix Representations of Symmetry Elements, Reducible and Irreducible Repr	esentations,
	Properties of Irreducible Representations. Great Orthogonality Theorem (G.O.T.), (Construction
	of character tables for $C_{2\nu}$, $C_{3\nu}$, C_{2h} , and $C_{4\nu}$ point groups using G.O.T., Standard reduct	ion formula,
	IR and Raman active modes of the water molecule, Symmetry restrictions of dipo	ole moment,
	Symmetry criteria of optical activity, Applications of group theory to chemical bonc	ling.
	SPECTRA & MAGNETISM OF TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES	(20 Hours)
	The energy terms, coupling schemes, spin-spin coupling, orbital coupling, spin-orbi	tal coupling,
	R-S coupling, J-J coupling scheme, selection rules, and relaxation of selection rules.	Energy levels
	in an atom, Calculation of the number of the microstates Determining the Ground	State, Term
	Symbols, Terms-Hunds Rule, Hole formulation (derivation of the Term Symbol for a	closed sub-
	shell, derivation of the terms for a d^2 configuration), Orgel diagrams for d^1 to	d ⁹ systems,
	Electronic spectra of $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$, $[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$, $[V(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$, $[Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$, $[CoF_6]^{3-}$, $[Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$, $[CoF_6]^{3-}$, $[Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$, $[CoF_6]^{3-}$, $[Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$, $[$	CoCl ₄] ²⁻ and
	[NiCl ₄] ²⁻ complexes, Charge transfer spectra, electronic absorption spectra of	spin paired
	complexes, Jahn-Tellar effect and electronic spectra of complexes; properties of p	aramagnetic
	complexes, magnetic moment, antiferromagnetism and ferromagnetism.	
	Tutorials will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(15 Hours)
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 15 Hour	s = 60 Hours)

3.	Tutorials will be based on
1	Discussion of problems on symmetry operations and elements of symmetry.
2	Discussion of examples on lower-order point groups.
3	Discussion of examples on higher-order point groups.
4	Discussion of problems on matrix representation of symmetry elements.

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5	Discussion of problems on reducible representations.
6	Discussion of problems on irreducible representations.
7	Discussion of problems on great orthogonality theorem.
8	Discussion of problems on standard reduction formula.
9	Discussion of problems on dipole moment.
10	Discussion of problems with the calculation of the number of microstates.
11	Discussion of problems on ground state term symbols.
12	Discussion of examples of electronic spectra of metal complexes.
13	Discussion of examples of charge transfer spectra.
14	Discussion of examples of the Jahn-Tellar effect.
15	Discussion of examples of magnetic properties of metal complexes.
4.	Books Recommended
1	J. F. Huheey, F. A. Keiter, R. L. Keiter, O. K. Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure

1	J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter, R. L. Keiter, O. K. Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure
	and Reactivity, 4 th Edition, Pearson Education, London, 2006.
2	F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, 3 rd Edition, Wiley, Germany, 2008.
3	H. H. Jaffe, M. Orchin, Symmetry in Chemistry, Dover Publications, New York, 2012.
4	K. Veera Reddy, Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules, New Age International, 2 nd Edition,
	India, 2020.
5	D. F. Shriver and P. W. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 4 th Edition, London,
	2006.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VIII Schem		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS		3	0	4	5
СҮ404					_

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Identify and characterize various classes of natural products.
CO2	Learn the biogenesis of various important natural products.
CO3	Apply the skill to isolate and purify the natural plant products.
CO4	Demonstrate the knowledge on the role of biomolecules and their importance.
CO5	Illustrate the properties, composition, biosynthesis and synthesis of the natural products.

2.	Syllabus	
	NATURAL PRODUCTCHEMISTRY	(25 Hours)
	Primary and secondary metabolites, general methods for isolation and structural de of natural products, Terpenoids: Classification, occurrence, isoprene rule, structure determination, stere biosynthesis and synthesis of Citral, Geraniol, α -terpineol, Menthol. Vitamins A, D a Steroids: Classification, occurrence, basic skeleton, Diel's hydrocarbon and stere synthesis of Cholesterol, Progesterone and Testosterone. Alkaloids: Structure determination, stereochemistry, biosynthesis and synthesis Quinine and Morphine.	etermination eochemistry, and E. eochemistry, of Nicotine,
	NATURAL PIGMENTS	(06 Hours)
	Classification of natural pigments, structure determination of Porphine, Porphyr flavones, and flavonoids.	rin, Hb, Chl,
	AMINO ACIDS, PEPTIDES AND PROTEINS	(07 Hours)
	Classification, acid-base behaviour, Isoelectric point and electrophoresis. Str confirmation of peptides and proteins, Determination of structure of peptide, class synthesis solid phase peptide synthesis, Structure of peptide and proteins, Classi function of proteins, denaturation of proteins.	fucture and sical peptide fication and
	BIO-ORGANIC CHEMISTRY	(07 Hours)
	Organic reactions in laboratory and in biological systems. Weak interactions in biological systems; proximity effect in organic chemistry. Nature of biomolecular is Stereo-specificity and rate enhancement in enzyme catalyzed reactions. Me hydrolysis of esters, amides in biological systems; C-C and C=C bond formation reduction and decarboxylation.	organic and interactions. echanism of n, oxidation,
	Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(60 Hours)
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 60 Hours =	= 105 Hours)

3.	Practical will be based on
1	Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography
2	Synthesis of bioactive compound
3	Extraction of essential oil from Cinnamon

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4	Isolation of Lycopene from Tomato
5	Phytochemical screening of plant extract.
6	To find the percentage of casein in milk.
7	Estimation of phenol.
8	Estimation of aniline.
9	Extraction of caffeine from tea leaves.
10.	Separation of amino acids by thin layer chromatography

4.	Books Recommended
1	I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products, Volume
	2, 8 th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2011.
2	M. Cox, D. L. Nelson, Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 6 th Edition, W. H. Freeman and
	Company, 2013.
3	John M. Beale Jr, John H. Block, Wilson and Gisvold's Textbook of Organic, Medicinal and
	Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12 th Edition, India, 2010.
4	V. Alagarsamy, Textbook of medicinal Chemistry Vol.2, 2 nd Edition, Elsevier, India, 2013.
5	S. K. Talapatra, B. Talapatra, Chemistry of Natural products: Stereochemistry, Conformation,
	Synthesis, Biology and Medicine, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2015.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VIII		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
PHYSICAL ASPECTS OF MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY		R	1	0	04
CY406		5	-	5	••

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Gain fundamental knowledge of electromagnetic spectrum.
CO2	Employ concepts of molecular spectroscopy and selection rules.
CO3	Learn the structural elucidation by molecular spectroscopy.
CO4	Demonstrate structural characterization of a molecule through spectroscopy.
CO5	Apply selection rules in rotational, IR and Raman spectroscopy.

2.	Syllabus			
	THE WAVE PHENOMENA	(15 Hours)		
	The Electromagnetic spectrum. General nature of electromagnetic waves; wave parameters, radiant power (Intensity), superposition of waves, diffraction, transmission, dispersion, refraction, reflection, scattering and polarization of radiation. Interaction of light and matter. Born-Oppenheimer approximation, Signal to noise ratio, Width and intensity of transition, line broadening.			
	MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY	(15 Hours)		
	Pure Rotational Spectra – Microwave Spectroscopy. Rotational constant, moment of inertia and rotational energy levels of diatomic molecules. Rigid rotor (diatomic only), Selection rule, Spectrum: position and intensity of spectral lines. Non-rigid rotor and its effect on energy levels, Selection rule and spectrum, Isotope effect, Rotational spectra of polyatomic molecules. Numericals.			
	VIBRATIONAL (IR AND RAMAN) SPECTROSCOPY	(15 Hours)		
	Polarizability, dipole moment, Rotational Raman spectra. Vibrational Spectroscopy (IR and Raman) – Diatomic Molecules. The vibrations of diatomic molecules. The harmonic oscillator. Selection rules and infrared spectra of diatomic molecules. Anharmonicity. Vibration-rotation spectra. Vibrational Raman spectra, Isotope effect, the rule of Mutual Exclusion, vibrational modes of functional groups. Structure elucidation. Numericals.			
	Tutorials will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(15 Hours)		
	(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours + 15 Hours = 60 Hours)			

3.	Tutorials will be based on
1	Problem based on Electromagnetic spectrum.
2	Problems based on superposition of waves, diffraction, transmission, dispersion, refraction,
	reflection, scattering and polarization of radiation.
3	Problem based on Interaction of light and matter. Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
4	Problems based on signal to noise ratio, Width and intensity of transition, line broadening.
5	Problems based on moment of inertia.
6	Problems based on Rotational constant.

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7	Problem based on Rigid rotor (diatomic only), Selection rule, Spectrum: position and intensity of spectral lines.
8	Problems based on Isotope effect, Rotational spectra of polyatomic molecules.
9	Problems based on Vibrational Spectroscopy (IR and Raman).
10	The harmonic oscillator. Selection rules and infrared spectra of diatomic molecules.
11	Problems based on anharmonicity. Vibration-rotation spectra. Vibrational Raman spectra,
	Isotope effect.
12	Vibrational modes of functional groups.
13	Structure elucidation-I based on microwave, IR and RAMAN.
14	Structure elucidation-II based on microwave, IR and RAMAN.
15	Structure elucidation-III based on microwave, IR and RAMAN.

4.	Books Recommended
1	J. M. Hollas, Modern Spectroscopy, 4 th Edition, Wiley, New Jersey, United States, 2013.
2	C. N. Banwell, Elaine M. Mc Cash, Fundamentals for Molecular Spectroscopy, 4 th Edition,
	McGraw-Hill, New York, United States, 2017.
3	N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 7 th Edition, Pearson Education India, Chennai, 2016.
4	B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, Principles of Physical Chemistry, 49 th Edition, Vishal Publications, New
	Delhi, India, 2020.
5	S. Maity, N. Ghosh, Physical Chemistry Practical, 1 st Edition, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.,
	India, 2012.

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M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VIII	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
PURIFICATION AND SEPARATION TECHNIQUES		3	0	4	05
CY408		_	-		

1.	Course Outcomes (COs): At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Interpret the role of analytical techniques in separation and identification of various chemical species.
CO2	Acquire a deep knowledge on chromatography.
CO3	Apply the basics of the separation and chromatographic techniques in multidisciplinary areas
CO4	Develop the skill to apply the advances in chromatography in separation.
CO5	Propose the importance of purity of product in industrial use.

2.	Syllabus			
	SEPARATION TECHNIQUES	(10 Hours)		
	Distribution law, thermodynamic derivation, application, process of extracti	on, factors		
	affecting extraction, techniques for solvent extraction, conventional, liquid membranes, bulk			
	supported and emulsified; solid phase extraction (SPE), ion-exchange, co	onventional		
	membranes. quantitative treatment of solvent extraction equilibria, classificatior	n of solvent		
	extraction system, types of extraction system, advantages of solvent extracti	on system,		
	applications of liquid extraction, solvent. extraction methods in metallurgy,	solid liquid		
	extraction.			
	CHROMATOGRAPHY	(09 Hours)		
	Principle, methods of elution, ideal and non-ideal chromatography, plate theory, i	rate theory,		
	reasons for broadening of lands, Van-Deemter equation and significance of term	ns involved,		
	optimum velocity, resolution, methods to improve resolution. introc	luction to		
	chromatographic techniques: paper chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatograph	y (TLC) and		
	Column Chromatography.			
	GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY (GC)	(10 Hours)		
	Principle, different types of GC, mobile phase and criteria for its selection, statio	nary phase,		
	sample introduction system, columns, Stationary phases used in GSC and GLC,	, difference		
	between GSC and GLC, supports for liquid stationary phases, Selection of colum	ns, packed,		
	WCOT, SCOT, FSOT, Detectors: FID, TCD, FPB, ECD, TID - merits and demerits, to	emperature		
	programming in GC, derivatisation in GC, Qualitative analysis from retention p	parameters,		
	Quantitative analysis. GC-Mass Spectroscopy, Waston-Biemann Separator, Ryhage	e Separator,		
	Llewellyn Separator, Instrumentation, Applications.	•		
	LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY	(09 Hours)		
	Principle of LC, instrument and significance of each component, Pumps, Gua	rd column,		
	Stationary phases (solid, liquid), Mobile Phases, Bonded phase supports, I	Detectors -		
	Fluorescence detector, RI detector, electrochemical detector, Normal phase an	d Reversed		
	phase. Introduction to HPLC and UPLC, LC Mass Spectroscopy, LC/MS interfac	es, solvent:		
	removal and ionization, atmospheric-pressure interfaces, electro spray interface	e, ion spray		
	interface, secondary detectors.			
	ION-EXCHANGE CHROMATOGRAPHY	(07 Hours)		
1		1		

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Introduction: Principle of exchange resins, swelling capacity of resin and its det effect of different parameters on exchange behavior, techniques of IEC, eluent column. Applications.	ermination, suppressor
Practical will be based on the coverage of the above topics separately	(60 Hours)
(Total Contact Time: 45 Hours+ 60 Hours=	105 Hours)

3.	Practical will be based on
1	The Analysis of Artificial Sweeteners and Additives in Beverages by HPLC.
2	Determination of Caffeine in Beverages by High Performance Liquid Chromatography.
3	High Performance Liquid Chromatography of Some Analgesic Compounds.
4	Quantitative HPLC Analysis of a Psychotherapeutic Medication: Simultaneous Determination of
	Amitriptyline Hydrochloride and Perphenazine.
5	Determination of Sodium, Potassium, and Chloride concentration using Ion Chromatography.
6	Determine the caffeine content in various beverages (e.g., coffee, tea, energy drinks) using GC.
7	Gas Chromatographic Determination of Environmentally Significant Pesticides.
8	Analyze and compare the composition of essential oils extracted from different plants using GC.
9	Separate and identify isomers of dichlorobenzenes using GC.
10	Separate and identify isomers of xylenes using GC.

4.	Books Recommended
1	G. D. Christian, P. K. Dasgupta, K. A. Schug, Analytical Chemistry, 7 th Edition, Wiley-Interscience,
	New Jersey, 2013.
2	R. M. Verma, Analytical Chemistry - Theory and Practice, 3 rd Edition, CBS Publication, New Delhi,
	2018.
3	J. M. Miller, Chromatography Concepts and Contrasts, 2 nd Edition, Wiley-Interscience, New
	Jersey, 2005.
4.	D. A. Skoog, F. J. Holler, S. R. Crouch, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 7 th Edition, Cengage
	Learning, Massachusetts, 2017.
5.	H. M. McNair, J. M. Miller, N. H. Snow, Basic Gas Chromatography, 3rd Edition, John Wiley
	Interscience, 2019.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VII Semester –		L	Т	Р	Credit
GREEN CHEMICAL PROCESSING		З	0	0	03
CY454					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1	Explain green chemistry concepts and its significance for environment sustainability.
CO2	Differentiate between conventional and green raw materials.
CO3	Design green process and analyze sustainability of materials.
CO4	Analyze sustainability of chemical processes.
CO5	Establish various applications of green processes.

2.	Syllabus	
	ENVIRONMENT SUSTAINABILITY OF CHEMICAL PROCESSES	(10 Hours)
	Introduction to Green Chemistry, Green Chemistry Principles, Sustainable Solvents (Supercritical
	minimization and design for degradation, Use of renewable feed stocks.	
	GREEN SYNTHETIC ROUTES	(12 Hours)
	ChemieDouce approach of material synthesis, Sol-gel method, Intercalation, Pillaring, Sonochemical method, Microwave synthesis, Mechanochemical Electrochemical synthesis and Photochemical synthesis.	Anchoring, synthesis,
	GREEN MATERIALS	(08 Hours)
	Zeolites, Heteropoly acids, Metal organic frameworks and Sulfated zirconia as Catal	ysts.
	APPLICATIONS OF GREEN PROCESSES	(15 Hours)
	For active pharma ingredients (API), polymers, green fuel production and polyme fuel cells, CO ₂ utilization and carbon credit and biomass to value added products.	r membrane
	(Total Contact Tim	e: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	M. Lancaster, Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text, 4 th Edition, Royal Society of Chemistry,
	2025.
2	E. Lichtfouse, J. Schwarzbauer, Green Materials for Energy, Products and Depollution
	(Environmental Chemistry for a Sustainable World), Softcover reprint of the original 1 st Edition,
	2016.
3	G. Rothenberg, Catalysis: Concepts and Green Applications, 2 nd Edition, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
	& Co. KGaA, Weinheim, UK, 2017.
4	V. K. Ahluwalia, Green Chemistry: Environmentally Benign Reactions, 3 rd Edition, Ane Books Pvt.
	Ltd., India, 2021.
5	R. Xu, W. Pang, O. Huo, Modern Inorganic Synthetic Chemistry, 2 nd Edition, Amsterdam, 2011.

4. Additional Reading Material

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

1	P. T. Anastas, J. C. Warner, Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice, 1 st Edition, Oxford University
	Press, 2000.
2	P. Wasserscheid, A. Stark, Green Solvents, Volume 6, Ionic liquids, in P. Anastas, Handbook of
	Green Chemistry, 1 st Edition, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2014.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc IV (Chem), Semester – VIII Sche		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
C-H FUNCTIONALIZATION		S	0	0	3
CY455					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Acquire deep knowledge of advanced organometallic chemistry
CO2	Identify how these individual reactions make up a catalytic cycle
CO3	Examine C-H interactions with transition metals and how C-H activation can occur at a transition
	metal center.
CO4	Explain the role of photocatalysis in modern synthetic methodology.
CO5	Study the importance of catalysis in industrial processes.

2.	Syllabus	
	Advanced Organometallic Chemistry of Transition Elements	(18 Hours)
	Introduction to the fundamentals of homogeneous catalysis and the med organometallic chemistry: Oxidative addition, sigma bond metathesis, reductive insertion and elimination. Metal mediated C-C and C-X coupling reactions Heck, Neg and Stille, Sonogashira, Nozaki-Hiyama, Kumada, Buchwald-Hartwig, Catellan Moritani reactions and their synthetic utility in drug synthesis. Directed orthometal (Pd, Rh) catalyzed C-H activation reactions and their synthetic utility, Copper and rho carbene and nitrene complexes, Cyclopropanation, Rh catalyzed C-H insertion and reactions including asymmetric version, Noyori asymmetric hydrogenation. Introd heterocyclic carbene metal complexes. Tebbe's reagent, Pauson-Khano Hydroformylation, and Carbonylation reactions.	chanisms in elimination, gishi, Suzuki, ii, Fujiwara- ation, Metal odium based aziridination uction to N- d reaction,
	C-H Bond Activation and Functionalization	(15 Hours)
	Interaction of metal centers with C-H bonds, agostic interactions and C-H electrophilic and metalloradical activation. Organic synthesis involves chelation-activation, ortho-C-H activation, and Distal C-H activation in heterocycles synthesis. C C=C activated annulation reactions. Important synthetic approaches via C-X (X= C, bond activation. Role of non-metallic activation of bonds in organic synthesis.	activation, assisted C-H C-H, C=C and N, O, S etc.)
	Visible Light Photocatalysis in Organic Chemistry	(12 Hours)
	Introduction, Basics of the photocatalytic cycle, Generation of radicals, C—X (X = bond formation, C-C bond formation, Atom transfer radical addition reactions, C reactions, Arene functionalization, Application of visible-light-mediated reactionsynthesis of pharmaceutical compounds.	N, O, S etc.) ycloaddition ions to the
	(Total Contact Tim	e: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	R. H. Crabtree, The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, 6 th Edition, John Wiley
	& Sons, Germany, 2014.
2	D. W. C. MacMillan, Visible light photocatalysis in organic chemistry, 1 st Edition, John Wiley,
	Germany, 2018.

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3	J. Yu Z. Shi, C-H Activation (Topics in Current Chemistry Book 292), 1 st Edition, Springer, London,
	2010.
4	J. Yu, Science of Synthesis: Catalytic Transformations via C-H Activation, Volume 1, 1 st Edition,
	Thieme, Germany, 2016.
5	B. D. Gupta and A. J. Elias, Basic Organometallic Chemistry- Concepts, Synthesis, and
	Applications, Universities Press Private Limited, India, 2011.

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Chemistry Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)	
	Ninth Semester (5 th Year of M. Sc.)					
1	Quantum Chemistry	CY501	3-0-0	3	55	
2	Heterocycles and Organic Synthesis	CY503	3-0-0	3	55	
3	Research Methodology in Chemistry	CY505	3-0-0	3	55	
4	Core Elective-3	CY5AA	3-0-0	3	55	
5	Core Elective-4	CY5BB	3-0-0	3	55	
6	Research Training in Chemical Sciences	CYP09	0-0-10	5	200	
					(20x 10)	
			Total	20	475	

(M. Sc. V) (Sem. – IX)

Sr.	Core Elective	Code	Scheme
No.			L-T-P
1	Catalysis	CY551	3-0-0
2	Medicinal Chemistry	CY552	3-0-0
3	Supramolecular Chemistry	CY553	3-0-0
4	Nuclear Chemistry	CY554	3-0-0

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
QUANTUM CHEMISTRY		З	0	0	3
CY501					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Memorize the fundamentals of classical quantum chemistry.
CO2	Gain knowledge about the basics of various operators with their applications.
CO3	Develop skill to calculate eigen values and eigen functions for various systems.
CO4	Interpret the mathematical problems based on quantum mechanics.
CO5	Learn advanced quantum mechanics for multi-electron systems

2.	Syllabus		
	BASICS OF QUANTUM	(10 Hours)	
	Rutherford atomic model, Bohr theory of hydrogen atom, Black body radiation, Classical Theory of Rayleigh-Jean, and Planck's theory, Photoelectric effect, Einstein's Quanta, Compton effect, Dual nature of electromagnetic radiation, de Broglie's hypothesis, Wave particle duality, Matter wave, Concept of wave packets, Uncertainty principle, its various mathematical forms and its justifications. Numericals.		
	OPERATORS AND EIGEN FUNCTIONS	(12 Hours)	
	Operators, Linear operators, Hermitian operators, Postulates of Quantum Schrödinger wave equation (Time dependent and time independent), Solution of equation as wave function and energy (eigen values and eigen functions), Comr their implication with respect to x, px, Expectation values, Properties of eigen function quantization for hydrogen atom. Numericals.	Mechanics, f Schrödinger nutators and tions, Energy	
	SOLUTION OF SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION	(14Hours)	
	Simple systems: 1-D and 3-D box (eigen values, eigen functions, expectation valu numbers, degeneracy, probability density), Simple Harmonic Oscillator: Setting the equation, derivation, eigen values and eigen functions, zero-point energy, Basics atom and rigid rotar.	es, quantum Schrödinger of hydrogen	
	MOLECULAR QUANTUM MECHANICS	(09 Hours)	
	Molecular orbital theory (MOT), Valence bond theory (VBT), Hybridization, Calcu coefficients of AOs used in hybridization, Huckel molecular orbital theory (HMOT) or systems.	llation of the of conjugated	
	(Total Contact Tin	ne: 45 Hours)	

3.	Books Recommended
1	B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, Principles of Physical Chemistry, 49 th Edition, Vishal Publications, New
	Delhi, India, 2020.
2	Donald A. McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry, Viva Student Edition, Viva, New Delhi, India 2016.
3	M. Reiher, Relativistic Quantum Chemistry: The Fundamental Theory of Molecular Science, 2 nd
	Edition, John Wiley, Hoboken, New Jersey, US, 2014.
4	N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 7 th Edition, Pearson Education India, Chennai, 2016.

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5	S. Maity, N. Ghosh, Physical Chemistry Practical, 1 st Edition, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.,
	India, 2012.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
HETEROCYCLES AND ORGANIC SYNTHESIS		2	0	0	02
CY503		э	U	U	05

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Discuss synthesis, reactivity and significance of various types of heterocycles.
CO2	Demonstrate the importance of microwave assisted synthesis over conventional methods.
CO3	Utilize synthetic strategies.
CO4	Analyze multicomponent reactions and discuss its advantage over traditional approach.
CO5	Learn synthesis, reactivity and significance of various types of heterocycles.

2.	Syllabus	
	THREE AND FOUR MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES	(08 Hours)
	Synthesis, reactivity, aromatic character and importance of following three	e membered
	heterocyclic rings: Azirines, Oxiranes, Diaziridines, Oxaziridines, Azetidines, Oxetar	ies.
	FIVE AND SIX MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES WITH ONE AND TWO HETEROATOMS	(07 Hours)
	Synthesis, reactivity, aromatic character and importance of following hetero	ocyclic rings:
	Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole, Thiazole, Isoxazole, Pyrimidine, Pyrazine.	
	CONDENSED FIVE AND SIX MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES	(07 Hours)
	Synthesis, reactivity, aromatic character and importance of Benzofuran, Ben	zothiophene,
	Coumarins and Chromones, Condensed five membered heterocycles-	Benzoxazole,
	Benzothiazole, Benzimidazole.	
	FIVE AND SIX MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES WITH MORE THAN TWO HETERO	
	ATOMS	(09 Hours)
	Synthesis, reactivity, aromatic character and importance of following hetero	ocycles:1,2,3-
	triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, 1,2,4- oxadiazole, 1,3,4- oxadiazole, 1,2,5- oxadiazole, tet	razole, 1,2,3-
	triazine, 1,2,4-triazine, 1,3,5-triazine, tetrazine, purines, pyrimidines and pteridine	25.
	MICROWAVE ASSISTED ORGANIC SYNTHESIS	(07 Hours)
	Microwave effect vs. thermal effect, microwave reactors, reactions in homogeneous	us media and
	solvent, reactions of reagent supported on mineral acids, solvent free phase trans	fer catalysis.
	MULTI-COMPONENT REACTIONS	(07 Hours)
	Relative reactivities of functional group to MCR, selected reactive functionalies	in MCR like
	carbonyl, isocyanide; types of MCR, Diversity in MCR: Ugi, Passerini, Biginelli a	and Mannich
	reactions.	
	(Total Contact Tin	ne: 45 Hours)

Five	Years	Integrated	M.Sc.	Chemistry	/
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3.	Books Recommended
1	J. A. Joule, K. Mills, Heterocyclic Chemistry, 5 th Edition, Wiley Blackwell, West Sussex, 2010.
2	A.R. Katritzky, C.A. Ramsden, J.A. Joule, V.V. Zhdankin, Handbook of Heterocyclic Chemistry, 3rd
	Edition, Elsevier, Oxford, 2010.
3	R. R. Gupta, M. Kumar, V. Gupta, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Volume 1 and 2, 3 rd Edition, Springer,
	New York, 2013.
4	T. J. J. Muller, Science of Synthesis: Multicomponent Reactions, Volume 1, 1 st Edition, Thieme
	publishers, Stuttgart, 2014.
5	S. C. Ameta, P. B. Punjabi, R. Ameta, C. Ameta, Microwave-Assisted Organic Synthesis: A Green
	Chemical Approach, Apple Academic Press, Toronto, 2015.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN CHEMISTRY		•	•	•	
CY505		3	0	0	03

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Impart knowledge of introduction and purpose of research.
CO2	Explore the importance of literature review to identify research problem.
CO3	Practice research paper writing and present research data.
CO4	Interpret data obtained from characterization techniques using various software.
CO5	Learn chemical safety and research ethics.

2.	Syllabus	
	RESEARCH BASICS	(05 Hours)
	Basics of scientific research, research process and steps involved, Hypothesi proposals and aspects, literature survey, sources of information, review.	s, Research
	SCIENTIFIC REPORT WRITING AND PUBLICATION PROCESS	(08 Hours)
	Writing of research report and synopsis (steps involved), paper writing (steps involve writing, report preparation, publication process, selection of journals, citation ind factor, <i>h</i> -index.	ed), review lex, impact
	DATA AND SAMPLE COLLECTION	(12 Hours)
	Datatypes and collection: qualitative and quantitative, data processing, data Sampling: Concepts of Statistical Population, Sample, Sampling Frame, Sampling Err Size, Non-Response. Characteristics of a good sample. Probability Sample – Simp Sample, Systematic Sample, Stratified Random Sample and Multi-stage sampling. De size of the sample– Practical considerations in sampling and sample size.	a analysis. or, Sample le Random etermining
	DATA ANALYSIS	(05 Hours)
	Data Preparation – Univariate analysis (frequency tables, bar charts, pie charts, po Bivariate analysis – Cross tabulations and Chi-square test including testing hy association.	ercentages), pothesis of
	SOFTWARES FOR CHEMISTRY RESEARCH	(12 Hours)
	General awareness of software packages and other scientific applications. Applicati of common software in chemistry-SciFinder, Origin, ChemSketch, Chemdraw, sc NMR: Mestronova and Topspin, XPS Peak 41 and Image for micrographs.	on and uses oftwares for
	CHEMICAL SAFETY AND ETHICS OF RESEARCH	(03 Hours)
	Safety rules of laboratory acquaintance of experimental set up, importance of security of data. Research ethical issues, Intellectual property right, Copy right, roya and acknowledgement, Reproducibility, plagiarism.	safety and alty, citation
	(Total Contact Time	e: 45 Hours)

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

3.	Books Recommended
1	Kumar, R., Research Methodology-A Step by Step Guide for Beginners, 3 rd Edition, Pearson
	Education, Delhi, 2011.
2	Montgomery, D.C, Design and Analysis of Experiments, 10 th Edition, Wiley India, 2019.
3	Kothari, C. K, Research Methodology-Methods and Techniques, 2 nd Edition., New Age
	International, New Delhi, 2019.
4.	Chakraborty, T., Ledwani, L. Research Methodology in Chemical Sciences, 1 st Edition, Apple
	Academic Press, New York, 2016.
5.	Mendham, J. et al., Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 6 th Edition, Pearson
	Education 2009.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX	Scheme	L	Т	Р	Credit
CATALYSIS		3	0	0	03
CY551					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1	Analyse basics and principle of catalysis and their potential to be used for range of applications.
CO2	Obtain knowledge on catalyst preparation and its evaluation.
CO3	Interpret characterization data of catalysts, correlate structure and properties of catalysts and
	learn how this insight can be used to design new catalysts.
CO4	Obtain knowledge on various microscopic, spectral and thermal techniques for catalyst
	characterization.
CO5	Compile and propose new applications of catalysis in multidisciplinary areas.

2. Syllabus	
INTRODUCTION TO CATALYSIS CONCEPTS	(06 Hours)
Activation energy, activity, selectivity, stability, enantioselectivity, promoter, conc TOF, catalyst deactivation, homogeneous catalysis, heterogeneous catalysis, heterogeneous catalysis, environmental catalysis, phase transfer catalysis and b	ept of TON and homogenized io-catalysis.
CATALYST TYPES	(05 Hours)
Metal based catalysts, metal oxides, metal nanoparticles, supported cataly catalysts and shape selective catalysts.	vsts, solid acid
CATALYST PREPARATION METHODS	(06 Hours)
Precipitation, impregnation, sol-gel, dry-gel, template method, hydrothermal n phase method, microwave method, solid state crystallization method, ion exchar preparation by functionalization, and an overview of commercial manufacturing	nethod, vapour nge and catalyst g of catalysts.
CATALYST CHARACTERIZATION CONCEPTS	(10 Hours)
Catalyst characterization by thermal methods, by spectral methods (X-Ray, IR, NM microscopic methods (SEM and TEM), N ₂ sorption isotherms studies for surface size distribution determination of catalysts, Acidity and basicity measurements NH ₃ -TPD and CO ₂ adsorption methods.	MR), by electron e area and pore of catalysts by
ENVIRONMENTAL AND INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS OF HETEROGENOUS CATALYSIS	(18 Hours)
Application in H_2 production (via dry reforming or steam reforming or electroning industries (e. g. NH_3 synthesis), hydrogenation reaction, shape selective catalysis petrochemical transformations, biomass conversion, plastic waste conversion products.	olysis), fertilizer s in organic and to value added
(Total Contact T	ime: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	G. C. Bond, Catalysis by Metals, 2 nd Edition, Academic Press: London, 1962.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

2	Jiří Čejka, Russell E Morris, Petr Nachtigall; Zeolites in Catalysis: Properties and Applications,
	Royal Society of Chemistry, 2017.
3	J. Cejka, A. Corma, S. Zones, Zeolites and Catalysis Synthesis, Reactions and Applications, 1 st
	Edition, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH &Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2009.
Λ	W Delgass: Spectroscopy in Heterogeneous Catalysis Elsevier 2012
Ŧ	W Delgass, spectroscopy in neterogeneous catalysis, Lisevier, 2012.
5	G. Rothenberg, Catalysis: Concepts and Green Applications, 2 nd Revised and Enlarged Edition,
5	G. Rothenberg, Catalysis: Concepts and Green Applications, 2 nd Revised and Enlarged Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2017.

4.	Additional Reading Material
1	C. N. R. Rao and K. Biswas, Essentials of Inorganic Materials Synthesis, 1 st Edition, John Wiley &
	Sons, Inc., India, 2015.
2	Y. B. Pottathara, S. Thomas, N. Kalarikkal, Y. Grohens, V. Kokol, Nanomaterials Synthesis: Design,
	Fabrication and Applications, 1 st Edition, A volume in Micro and Nano Technologies, Elsevier,
	India. 2019.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX		L	Т	Ρ	Credit
MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY		3	0	0	03
CY552		•	•	•	

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Recognise the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs.
CO2	Gain knowledge of structural activity relationship of different class of drugs.
CO3	Compute ligand and structure-based drug design.
CO4	Learn the mechanism pathways of different class of medicinal compounds.
CO5	Develop skill regarding the chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity.

2.	Syllabus	
	INTRODUCTION TO DRUG DISCOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT	(07 Hours)
	Process of drug discovery, Stages of drug discovery and development, Methods of Lea Random screening, Non-random screening, serendipitous drug discovery. Rational a drug discovery.	id discovery, and modern
	DRUG-RECEPTOR INTERACTION	(07 Hours)
	Types of receptors, Drug-Receptor interaction, agonist, antagonist, partial agon inhibition: competitive, non-competitive and allosteric inhibition.	ist, enzyme
	PHYSICOCHEMICAL PROPERTIES IN RELATION TO BIOLOGICAL ACTION	(08 Hours)
	Ionization, Solubility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen bonding, Protein binding, Che isosterism, Optical and Geometrical isomerism. Drug metabolism: principles- Phase II metabolic reactions. Factors affecting drug metabolism including stereo chemical a	elation, Bio- I and Phase aspects.
	SAR AND QSAR	(07 Hours)
	SAR of some important chemical scaffold including barbiturates, quinolone, and estrogen etc. Introduction to QSAR and its application in drug design.	tihistaminic,
	DRUG DESIGN APPROACHES	(08 Hours)
	Ligand and structure-based drug design. Understanding of virtual screening, Molecu Pharmacophore modelling, Protein data bank (PDB), overview of chemical databas zinc, PubChem etc. overview of different software used for drug design.	lar Docking, ses like NCI,
	MECHANISMS AND THERAPEUTIC APPLICATIONS OF SOME IMPORTANT DRUGS	(08 Hours)
	Antacid, oral contraceptive, anticancer, antihypertensive, antidiabetic, anxiolytics, ar	nti-allergic.
	(Total Contact Time	e: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	M.E. Wolf, ed, The Basis of Medicinal Chemistry, Burger's Medicinal Chemistry John Wiley and
	Sons, 8 th Edition, New York 2021.
2	Y. C. Martin, Quantitative Drug Design, Dekker, 2nd 8 th Edition, New York 2010.
3	J.M. Beale, J.H. Block, Wilson and Gisvolds's Text Book of Organic Medicinal & Pharmaceutical
	Chemistry, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 12 th Edition, New York 2011.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

4.	T. L. Lemke, D. A. Williams, V. F. Roche, S. W. Zito, Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry,
	Lippincott, Williams Wilkins, 7 th Edition, Baltimore 2013.
5	G.L. Patrick, An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 7 th Edition, Oxford
	2023.

4.	Additional Reading Material
1	A. Korolkovas, Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry, Wiley Interscience, 2 nd Edition, New York, 2008.
2	H.J. Smith, H. Williams, Introduction to the principles of Drug Design, 4 th Edition, Wright Boston 2005.
3	R. B. Silverman, The Organic chemistry of drug design and drug action, Academic Press New York 3 rd Edition, 2014.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
SUPRAMOLECULAR CHEMISTRY		З	0	0	03
CY553					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Acquire basic and need of supramolecular chemistry.
CO2	Study on thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of host-guest chemistry.
CO3	Gain advance knowledge on artificial host molecules.
CO4	Learn basic and applications of molecular self-assembly.
CO5	Explore the application of supramolecular chemistry in device fabrication.

2.	Syllabus	
	FUNDAMENTALS OF SUPRAMOLECULAR CHEMISTRY	(09 Hours)
	Molecules, super molecules and supramolecular Chemistry, non-covalent complementarity and cooperativity, supramolecular chemistry of life.	interactions,
	HOST-GUEST CHEMISTRY	(14 Hours)
	Host-guest complexation, Thermodynamics of host-guest complexation, Molecular – factors involved, Molecular receptors/ Ionophores – design principles; Molecular cations, anions and neutral molecules, Crown ethers, cryptands, spherands, c cucurbituril, and calixarenes, cavitands, molecular clips, clefts and tweezers, Th linear molecule through a cyclic molecule, Creation of rotaxanes and catenanes.	r recognition receptors for yclodextrins, reading of a
	SELF-ASSEMBLY	(12 Hours)
	Biological self-assembly, self-assembly in synthetic systems, self-assembling compounds, capsules, helicates and molecular knots, organic and inorganic na Crystal nucleation and growth, understanding crystal structures, supramol supramolecular polymers, Amphiphiles and their aggregation, Aggregation induc and quenching.	coordination nomaterials, ecular gels, ced emission
	MOLECULAR DEVICES	(10 Hours)
	Supramolecular photochemistry and devices, chemosensors, molecule-based Molecular wires, molecular switches, molecular logic, molecular rectifiers an electronic devices.	electronics: d molecular
	(Total Contact Tim	e: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	J. W. Steed and J. L. Atwood, Supramolecular Chemistry, 3 rd Edition, John Wiley, New York, 2022.
2	K. Ariga and T. Kunitake, Supramolecular chemistry-fundamentals and applications, 1 st edition,
	Springer, Heidelberg, 2006.
3	J.W. Steed, D.R. Turner, K.J. Wallace, Core concepts in supramolecular chemistry and
	nanochemistry, 1 st Edition, Wiley, USA, 2007.
4	H. Dodziuk, Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, 1 st Edition, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New
	Delhi, 2002.
5	J. M. Lehn, Supramolecular chemistry, 1 st Edition, Wiley-VCH, Germany, 1995.

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

M.Sc V (Chem), Semester – IX	Scheme	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY		3	0	0	03
CY554					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):	
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to	
CO1	Acquire knowledge and understanding on some nuclear models for calculat	ing nuclear
CO2	Interpret the theoretical background for the synthesis and separation of man- isotopes as well elements.	made radio
CO3	Correlate fundamental knowledge of mechanism and functioning of nuclear detector interaction radiation on matter.	ors based on
CO4	Prioritize the knowledge of different types of nuclear reactions, mechanism of nuclear and calculation of fission probability.	ar reactions,
CO5	Justify the relationship between the statistics and radiation detection methods.	
2.	Syllabus	
	FUNDAMENTALS OF NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY	(10 Hours)
	Nuclear angular memory magnetic dipole memory and electronic guadrup	la mamant

Nuclear angular momentum, magnetic dipole moment and electronic quadruple moment, parity of nuclear energy states, binding energy, nuclear size, root mean square radius of atomic nucleus, nuclear models – nuclear forces, liquid drop model, formulation of semi-empirical binding energy equation, mass parabola, application of binding energy equation, compound nucleus theory (qualitative approach), optical model, , shell model, nuclear magic number and its derivation from nuclear potential well, calculation of nuclear spin, nuclear isomerism.

 NUCLEAR REACTIONS
 (10 Hours)

 nuclear reactions – energetics, mechanism, models, nuclear fission and nuclear fusion, Q-value and cross section of nuclear reaction, calculation of fission probability, nuclear reactions in stars, solar neutrino hypothesis, alpha decay paradox - explanation in terms of tunnel effect, explanation of beta and gamma transition, selection rules synthetic elements: theoretical background, production and separation of super heavy elements, production and nuclear properties of transactinide elements, fundamental and experimental aspects of one-atom-at a time chemistry.

NUCLEAR EQUILIBRIUM(07 Hours)Successive disintegration, Bateman equation, secular and transient equilibrium, no equilibrium;
special successive disintegrations, formation of radioelement in a nuclear reaction, hot-atom,
positron annihilation, probability of positronium formation, reactions of positronium ion,
chemistry of muonium and pionium ions, Szilard-Chalmer reaction, retention of activity, primary
and secondary retention, synthesis of labelled compounds, overview of activation analyses.

RADIATION AND MATTER (08 Hours) Different radiations, quarks, interactions of heavy charged particles, energy loss, collisional and radiative stopping power - related semi-empirical calculations, Bethe formula, mean excitation energy, range, slowing down time, Cerenkov radiation, attenuation coefficient, interaction between electrons & matter, synchrotron radiation, Mu-meson, range-energy relation for

Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

mono-energetic electrons, pair production, interaction of neutrons with matter capture, types of reactors & accelerators, carbides and nitrides as nuclear fuel sub factor formula, nuclear hazards and nuclear waste.	er, radiative strate, four-
STATISTICAL METHODS IN RADIOACTIVITY	(10 Hours)
Counting statistics, radioactivity as a statistical phenomenon, optimization of experiments, types of scintillators – inorganic, organic, liquid scintillators and their a scintillation mechanism, semiconductor detectors, gas-filled detectors-principle of and applications, Geiger–Müller and proportional counters, classification of nuclea variation of amplitude vs. voltage - characterization of different zones, role of que limitations of proportional detectors: proportional counter performance, proportional counter, gas multiplication factor, space change effects.	of counting applications, of operation ar detectors, ench gases - flow-type
(Total Contact Time	e: 45 Hours)

3.	Books Recommended
1	P. A. C. Mcpherson, Principles of Nuclear Chemistry, World Scientific Publishing Europe Ltd,
	London, UK, 2016.
2	J. V. Kratz, Nuclear and Radiochemistry: Fundamentals and Applications, WILEY-VCH, NJ, USA,
	2022.
3	J. Hofstader, Nuclear Chemistry, Larsen and Keller Education, New York, USA, 2022.
4	M. N. Devi, Elements of Nuclear Chemistry, Anmol Publisher, Delhi, 2011.
5	J. Kónya and N. M. Nagy, Nuclear and Radiochemistry, 2 nd Edition, Elsevier Inc., Amsterdam,
	Netherlands, 2018.

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Chemistry Five Years Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry

(M. Sc. V) (Sem. – X)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)
	Tenth Semester (5 th Year of M. Sc.)				
1	M.Sc. Dissertation** Industrial Internship/Professional Experience (Mandatory)	CYP10	0-0-40	20	800 (40X20)
			Total	20	800

** Students can continue their dissertation work along with the internship / placement, if offered by the companies through Carrer Development Cell (CDC), SVNIT Surat. However, student will be required to complete their dissertation work and viva voce examination as per the academic calendar of the institute.